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Arab panel delays alks on Lebanon; **Labib flies to Paris**

IRUT, June 6 (A.P.) — Sporadic artillery rocket duels flared in Beirut today as the Bundign ministers of Saudi Arabia, Syria and wait met to discuss ways of resolving Lebn's crisis, the Lebanese state radio and vision reported.

h. presidential envoy Philip Habib flew from Washington to for what the American embassy there described as a 24-hour " ng an Arab-Israel war.

embassy would not say where Mr. Habib would go from Paris. fficials in Washington said earlier he might stop over in the in an for talks on Lebanon before jetting to Saudi Arabia to begin w effort to defuse the Syria-Israel missile confrontation. 16 Reeli military sources denied an ABC television report that Israel

woved a battery of American-made Hawk anti-aircraft missiles · ... outhern Lebanon. panon's defence and foreign ministries said they could not proany confirmation of the deployment of Israeli Hawks in the 1(1()) five weeks after Syria wheeled Soviet-made SAM-6 surface-

missiles into east Lebanon's Bekaa Valley. Janese television said Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim dam and Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal arrived ately in Kuwait and met together with Kuwaiti Foreign Minister h Sabah Al Ahmad Al Jaber Al Sabah.

broadcast said the three will fly later to Damascus and then ive to the Lebanese town of Beiteddin for a conference tomorrow. Lebanese President Elias Sarkis and Foreign Minister Fuad

... \ ab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi, here to attend the ddin parley, told reporters the meeting was rescheduled for 10 comorrow Sunday after Kuwait suddenly requested a 24-hour of the meeting, originally set for today.

Lebanese government spokesman said the Beiteddin conhe would probe ways of setting Lebanon's right-wing and leftist ns on the course to national reconciliation and resolving a y-old Syrian-rightist confrontation.

let threatened military action to wipe out the Syrian missiles in ion if Mr. Habib fails to talk the Syrians into pulling them out tarily. But the Syrian media today reiterated Syria's detation to stand up to Israel.

Cigarette prices up today

AN, June 6 (Petra) — The prices of locally-made cigarettes one up by as average of 10 per cent, as of tomorrow. lesence order issued by Minister of Industry and Trade Walid ir has fixed the new prices of locally made cigarettes.

5 Jordanian drafts approved at Baghdad conference

11 'AN, June 6 (J.T.) - Five resolutions subby Jordan were among the measures apput the just-completed Islamic foreign minconference in Baghdad, Foreign Minister n Al Qasom said today.

Qasem spoke upon returning early today ne five-day conference of ministers of 38 r states of the Organisation of the Islamicence (IOC). The conference ended yeswith a call for jillad (holy war) to liberate occupied Arab territories and a renewed tion of solidarity with the Palestinian peo-

five Jordanian-drafted resolutions dealt

Jerusalem fund, which the conference budit \$100 million a year; Israeli project to link the Mediterranean

: Dead Sea with a canal to provide hydminimic power, a scheme Jordan opposes as a o its Dead Sea phosphate-extraction works;

seli violations, especially of boly places, in

the occupied territories:

-Israeli settlement policy in the occupied West Bank town of Hebron (the Jordanian delegation circulated detailed and comprehensive studies of Israel's plans);

-the Arab health ministers' recent decision to ask the World Health Organisation (WHO) to transfer its regional office from Alexandria to Amman. Jordan urged other Islamic nations to endorse the request in protest against Egypt's separate peace with Israel.

The convening of the talks in the Iraqi capital, Mr. Oasem said, gave delegates a chance to observe at first hand the high morale and economic sitnation of the Iraqi people despite the ninemonth-old border war with Iran.

The importance of the conference's resolution is reflected in its strong support for the Palestinian and Lebanese people in confronting Zionist aggression in Lebanon and in underlining the fact that the liberation of Jerusalem is a basic Islamic commitment, Mr. Qasem said.



Dr. Naim Whader is borne to his grave in Amman Saturday.

A hard look at 'Carter Doctrine'

At the same time, Mr. Newsom

said, the United States is com-

mitted to a massive and expensive

military buildup with "enormous

and frightening implications." He

said it is hard to imagine a buildup

by both sides "that does not cul-

Mr. Carter declared the Gulf

within "the vital interests of the

United States" in his January

1980 State of the Union address.

It followed by a month the Soviet

army's intervention in Afg-

hanistan and committed the Uni-

minate in a nuclear exchange."

WASHINGTON, June 6 (A.P.) — The U.S. pledge to block the Soviets from the Gulf oil field with U.S. military might was hastily conceived and runs the risk of regional or even nuclear disaster, according to former und-ersecretary of state David New-

Writing in Foreign Policy magazine, Mr. Newsom said the commitment by former president Jimmy Carter to restrain the Russians militarily was not thought out and appears to be based on a miscalculation of Soviet int-

"There is no sign that the Soviets intend to move into the Gulf anytime soon," Mr. Newsom wrote. "Even with reinforcements, the Soviets have not committed the number of troops to Afghanistan that could quickly end the revolt there. They are unistrong insurgency along their bor-

KUWAIT, June 6 (Agencies) - Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah said today the European Economic Community should help to solve the Middle East problem.

Van der Klaauw starts

Gulf circuit in Kuwait

steps to shield the oil fields from

These include development of a

But Mr. Newsom, who held the

No. 3 post at the State Dep-

artment at the time, said the Car-

ter Doctrine "grew out of last-

minute pressure for a presidential

speech." He said neither the Car-

ter nor Reagan administration has

ever conducted a detailed study of

the implications of the policy or its

Rapid Deployment Force, a str-

onger navy in the Indian Ocean

and access to air and sea facilities

Soviet expansion.

in friendly countries.

But any solution without the participation of the Palestine Lib eration Organisation (PLO) as the sole, legitimate representative of the Palestinian people, would be unjust, Sheikh Sabah told Dutch Foreign Minister Christoph van der Klaauw, a foreign ministry spo-

Sheikh Sabah also told Dr. van der Klaauw that Kuwait's position was that Israel should withdraw from all Arab territories, including Jerusalem, and that a Palestinian state should be set up. The Dutch minister, current chairman of the EEC Council of

Ministers, arrived today at the start of a tour to hear Gulf views on possibilities for a Middle East peace initiative by the European community. The Gulf tour is the final stage of a journey which has already

taken the minister to 14 countries since he was given the fact-finding He is to report to the European council in Luxembourg on June 29

after his Gulf tour which will also include Bahrain, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates and Oman. Dr. van der Klaauw told the official Kuwait News Agency on

arrival that he believed coordination between the EEC and the United States on the Middle East was necessary. "I believe in the necessity of establishing coordination between the stands adopted by the EEC and the U.S., but this does not mean that

Europe does not have special ideas on the issue, especially with regard to granting the Palestinians the right to self-determination," However, he said he did not plan to meet any Palestinian officials during his current tour, because "I believe the PLO's viewpoint is

already known to us regarding any EEC initiative." Sheikh Sabah said a nine-member Arab committee would meet in Kuwan shortly to prepare for an Arab-European dialogue later this year, the spokesman said.

PLO's Khader buried here 'We will continue in martyr's path'

AMMAN, June 6 (J.T./Agencies) — The body of Dr. Naim Khader, the head of the Palestine Liberation Organisation office in Brussels who was assassinated on Monday, was buried here at noon today.

The body was carried in a procession from the University of Jordan Hospital to Al Bishara Roman Catholic Church on Jabal Luweibdeh. Dr. Khader's body was flown yesterday from Brussels to Beirut, where funeral services were conducted. The coffin arrived at Amman airport last night.

جوردان تليمز يوميًّ

After the prayers in the church today, Dr. Khader's Belgian widow Bernadette delivered a eulogy on the role her husband had played in serving his country, for which he gave his life.

Mrs. Khader said that her busband's death will enhance the faith of others in the fairness of the Palestinian cause. "We will continue on the path the martyr followed until the liberation of Palestine from the treacherous Zionists," Mrs. Khader said.

Father Michel Sabah, pastor of the church, led the prayers for Dr. Khader's soul. Father Sabah and a Belgian clergyman who accompanied Dr. Khader's body from Brussels spoke in praise of



Dr. Nam ! hader

Dr. Khader's character. They said he had died for the sake of his homeland and in a just cause.

Afterwards, the body was taken to the Christian cemetery in Umm Al Hiran where Dr. Khader was

Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim.

deputising for His Majesty King Hussein, and Minister of Supply Ibrahim Ayyoub, deputising for Prime Minister Mudar Badran, participated in the funeral pro-

Others taking part in the pro-cession were Foreign Minister Marwan Al Oasem, Information Minister Adnan Abu Odeh, Tunisian Foreign Minister Al Baji Qaid Al Sisi, and several members of the Arab and foreign diplomatic corps.

Mrs. Khader and her husband's family accepted condolences from the delegates of the King and the prime minister, the other highranking officials and the mou-

The head of the PLO Political Department, Mr. Farouk Qaddoumi; the commander of the Palestine Liberation Army in Jordan, Col. Naim Al Khatib, and several members of the PLO Executive Committee and the Palestinian National Council also accepted condolences from the mourners.

Dr. Khader, 41, was struck in the head and chest by six bullets fired at point-blank range by a man on foot outside the victim's Brussels home.

Belgian police say they have no clues to the identity or whereabouts of the killer, whom they described as a professional assassin because of the accuracy of his shooting.

Hassan Ibrahim; the head of the

Sidgi Al Daiani a member of the

PLO Executive Committee; Brig.

Abdul Razzak Al Yahya, the dir-

ector general of the PLO Political

Department; and representatives

of the PLO Executive Committee

in Jordan.

Oaddoumi; Dr. Anmao

Tunisian FM here

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) -Tunisian Foreign Minister Al Bail Oald Al Sisi arrived here early today for a two-day visit to Jordan. He will hold talks with his Jordanian counterpart, Mr. Marwan Al Oasem, on Tunisian-Jordanian relations and developments in the Arab region. Mr. Al Sisi will also tour local archaeological sites.

In a statement to the Jordan News Agency Petra, Mr. Al Sisi described Tunisian-Jordanian relations as excellent. He said he will convey an oral message from Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba to His Majesty King Hussein dealing with bilateral relations and means of strengthening cooperation between the two cou-

Mr. Al Sisi further described the Islamic foreign ministers meeting in Baghdad as very important, "coming at this critical stage in the history of Arab and Islamic nations and in view of the grave Zionist challenge and recurrent Israeli acts of aggression against the Arab Nation."

along the western side of Mount

Hermon on the Syria-Lebanon

Last week, the reported road

was described in the Syrian press

as part of an Israeli plan to link up

with Israel's right-wing allies in

the central Bekaa city of Zahle.

As for the Damascus plain and

its armoured divisions, military

sources say there have been no

Badran, PLO aides meet of Occupied Territories Affairs

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) -Means of strengthening cooperation between Jordan and the PLO Political Department, Mr. ine Liberation Orga (PLO) were discussed today by key officials of both sides at Prime Minister Mudar Badran's office. Apart from Mr. Badran, the

meeting was attended by Minister

13 Liberians face death in coup plot

MONROVIA, June 6 (Agencies)

— Thirteen Liberian soldiers have been sentenced to death on charges of plotting to overthrow the 14-month-old government of Master Sgt. Samuel K. Doe, it was announced today.

A special military tribunal found two other soldiers not guilty and they were to be released, the government said.

The 13 non-commissioned officers and enlisted men were arrested last week as the Liberian ruler was attending a regional conference in Freetown, Sierra No details of the alleged plot,

the third against Sgt. Doe since he seized power in a coup on April 12 last year, have been released by the ruling People's Revolutionary Council.

The government alleged the soldiers planned to assassinate top government officials. An unknown number of civilians allegedly involved in the plot will be tried separately, the government

The military tribunal also sentenced six senior army officers to 10 years in prison on charges of plotting to overthrow the govemment in May 1980. Three other officers were acquitted and were to be reinstated in the army with retroactive pay, the gov-

The two sides discussed in detail the latest Middle East developments the current Arab situation and the situation in the occupied Arab territories. Mr. Badran also expressed his sympathy on the death of Dr. Naim Khader, the PLO representative in Brussels who was assassinated

Grenade thrown at Israeli bus

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM June 6 (R) - A hand grenade which did not explode was thrown today at a bus carrying supporters of the ruling Israeli Likud bloc through Nablus in the occupied Arab West Bank, military sources A soldier defused the grenade

and security forces sealed off the area, the sources said.

The campaign tour is part of a Likud effort to impress potential voters before the June 30 Israeli elections by busing them to sightsee new settlements it has established in the West Bank since coming to power four years ago.

Several incidents today on the West Bank, including student demonstrations in Ramallah, Al Bireh and Kalandia, were believed by the military to be part of protests marking yesterday's 14th anniversary of the start of the 1967 Arab-Israeli war.

n-the-spot check finds no hint Syria will strike first emment has invited Mr. Habib to military experts said. also have been in response to repteries Syria deployed in eastern orts Israel was building a road

U.N. and kraeli flags fly side by side at a Golan Heights checkpoint.

POSITION 20, Occupied Golan Hei-, June 6 (A.P.) - Syria has improved its nsive positions in the plain south of nascus and in western Syria and eastern anon, but no offensive military pretions have been observed, Western milanalysts say

issessment by the military refuted Israell minus a background pipes dis-to journalists in Israel his week, that Syria's pre-"enable the Syrians to". an offensive against. oth on the Lebanese and

leights theatres of action." kesman for the U.N. Disnent Observer Force, as policed the separation i and Syrian forces on the nce 1974, said each side uested inspection of the "uffer zones once muce the sraeli crisis heated up

Sistions were reported on ide, after the U.N. obsn the 25-kilometre disp force some of the Sr-level rises of this den-lance 65 kiloments speci-tern. The Differences were from the Labourer horder in the north to the Jordenian border in the south. "The fact is, there are no vio-

hations on the golan," said U.N. information officer Commandant Thomas Hynes. He escorted a reporter on a tour of the U.N.controlled areas, policed by 1,300 troops, mainly from Austria, Finland, Poland and Canada. "We have seen for the past seven years, for their own reasons, both sides want to keep the Golan quiet," he added.

Western military and dipiomatic sources say the Syrian preparations that have taken place in the Damascus plain north of here and on both sides of the Syria-Lebanon border have been prudent, defensive measures taken in response to threats from

harneli Prime Minister Menschem Begin has repeatedly thrsatured to remove the three SAM-6 anti-aircraft missile bat-

Lebanon in late April after Israel shot down two Syrian helicopters in the area, if U.S. presidential envoy Philip Habib does not succeed in gaining their removal thr-

ough diplomatic means.

Mr. Begin has said Israel will not attack unless Syria shoots first. None of the Syrian military moves so far indicate the Syrians plan to do that, according to Western military sources in Syria. And Western diplomats in Damascus say President Hafez Al Assad's govreturn to the Syrian capital despite a heated press campaign which has described the American effort as pro-Israeli.

Since the missiles were carried into Lebanon, the Syrians have also moved in an infantry battalion of 400 to 500 men to guard the missile sites, and have sent 'SAM-2 and SAM-3 missiles to the Syrian side of the border to create an "intergrated air defence system" capable of downing jets flying as high as 80,000 feet, Western

About three weeks ago, Syria

moved an armoured brigade, about 3,000 men, from the first armoured division at Kiswe, south of Damascus, to the Lebanese-Syrian border and deployed units on both sides of the frontier, probably for defence of the missiles. the military sources said.

"It is one of the indications that the Syrians are willing to fight a battle in Lebanon, but not in the Golan," one of these sources said.

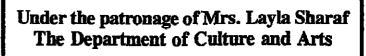
The sources said this move may

major movements, and reporters driving south to the Golan last week and this week saw none. "What they've done is to clean out the sand that has collected in their anti-tank ditches since the 1973 war," and mount machine guns on their armoured personnel

border.

carriers, said one military source. He added that the call-up of a few thousand Syrian reserves was an effort to bring all units up to full strength and prepare reinforcements for some-not a move that would indicate planning for an offensive.

"We interpret all the Syrian moves as basically defensive," said a Western diplomat. "You have very aggressive statements almost daily from Israel, which justifiably create concern in Syria. What we have here is a classic Middle East action-reaction pattern, but the Syrians are being very cautious in their reactions."



the Music and Fine Arts Centre

present

a concert by the centre's students Sunday, June 7, at 5:00 p.m., at the hall of the Department of Culture and Arts, Jabal Luweibdeh.

NATIONAL

Noor visits Royal Cultural Centre



Her Majesty Queen Noor discusses progress on the Royal Cultural Centre with Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'an Abu Nowar (photo right) and Director of Libraries and National Archives Ahmad Sharkas (second from right) during her visit Saturday.

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) - Her artistic activities could be per-Majesty Queen Noor today visited the Royal Cultural Centre, which was established as a symbol of Jordan's interest in the cultural field, and was briefed on the progress of work.

The Queen asserted the significance of expediting the completion of the building early next year so that various cultural and formed in it.

The centre consists of several sections, including two movie theatres which accommodate 800, a theatre for 300, and a childrens' theatre which accommodates 200. The centre also includes special art galleries. The government has allocated the necessary funds for expediting the implementation of the project.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

- * British Council presents an exhibition of paintings by Adiba Faidi Al Qadi. The exhibition will be open to the public from 9 a.m. - 1:30 p.m. and from 4-6 p.m., at the council in Jabal
- Alia Art Gallery presents an exhibition of paintings by Omar Hamdan and Ayyad Al Nemer. The exhibition is open to the public at the gallery in Shmeisani.
- * The British Council presents sculpture from its permanent collection at the Jordan National Gallery of Fine Arts. The exhibition is open to the public from 10 a.m. - 1:30 p.m. and from 3-6 p.m. and remains open daily except Tuesday.
- * The British Council presents in Aqaba "The Age of Shakespeare". Items from the exhibition, which has proved so popular in Amman, will be repeated in Agaba. The exhibition will be opened with a performance of "Marhaba Shakespeare", in Arabic and English, by the Hava Centre Players. The show will start at 8 p.m., at the Alcazar Hotel in Aqaba.

* The French Cultural Centre presents "On s'est trompe d'histoire d'amour", at 7:30 p.m., at the centre in Jabal Luweibdeh.

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to attendour presentation at the AMMAN SHERATON PALACE

Thursday is a public holiday

AMMAN, June 6 (J.T.) Ali government departments and public institutions will be closed in Jordan on Thursday, June 11 on the occasion of Arab Renaissance Day, commemorating the Great Arab Revolt led by Sherif Hussein Ibn Ali, the great-grandfather of His Majesty King Hussein, during World War I, an official communique issued by the prime minister's office said today.

Reagan taps Viets as ambassador to Jordan

WASHINGTON, June 6 (Agencies) — President Ronald Reagan has tapped Mr. Richard Noyes Viets as his choice for United States ambassador to Jordan, the White House announced yes-

Mr. Viets, 50, is at present ambassador to Tanzania and has also served in Tokyo, Madras, New Delhi, Bucharest and Tel Aviv.

Due to a transliteration error from a story by Petra, the Jordan News Agency yesterday, the Jordan Times named the new envoy as Mr. Fitz.

Mr. Viets, of Vermont, succeeds Mr. Nicholas A. Veliotes who has been named assistant secretary of state for Near Eastern and South Asian affairs. Both nominations are subject to Senate confirmation.

Mr. Viets was with Bank of America in Los Angeles, California in 1955 and from 1960-62 with Mobil International Oil Company in New York, New York.

He was with the International Communications Agency (formerly United States Information Agency) as public affairs assistant from 1955-57; and from 1957-62, he was assistant exhibit manager with the department of commerce. He joined the State Department in 1962 as commercial officer in Tokyo and was commercial officer in Madras from 1965-67. In New Delhi, he was political and economic officer (1967-69) and special assistant to the ambassador (1969-72).

FAO team to study development schemes

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) — Visiting director of the Regional off-ice of the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) Salah Jum a conferred here today with Agriculture Minister Marwan Dudin. They reviewed preliminary steps to be taken by an FAO team which will arrive here tomorrow to conduct studies on Jordan's development plans.

On the team's task, Mr. Jum'a said that it will determine whether Jordan's rural development plans and agrarian reforms are in line

In the State Department he was international relations officer from 1972-73 and director of the executive secretariat from 1973-74. From 1974-77 he was deputy chief of mission in Bucharest and in Tel Aviv from 1977-79. Since 1979 he has been ambassador to

ources Authority, the director of the Water Supply Corporation and officials from other government departments which are related to rural development, Mr. Jum'a said. According to Mr. Jum'a, FAO has launched a contribution campaign to collect a targeted \$20 million in technical assistance to help nations around the world to develop their rural the United States republic of Tan-

Ajlouni, Peter Salah leave for Arab League meeting

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) — The Under Secretary of the ministry of information, Mr. Peter Saleh left for Tunis today to take part in the Arab League information council meeting, which will open on Mon-

Four basic issues covering 20 subjects prepared by the League's permanent information committee are on the delegates' agenda, Mr. Salah said.

He said among them are resolutions and recommendations calling for seminars on cultural . to head the Arab Cities Organd information activities in the occupied Arab territories, an Afro-Arab seminar on cinema. another on the situation in occunied Jerusalem, and a call for holding on Arab cultural week in Canada and in France.

The agenda also includes the establishment of a joint Arab international news agency, an Arab research institute in West Germany. Switzerland or Austria and the establishment of an independent Arab information organisation.

with the FAO's resolutions and

recommendations adopted in

1977 to which Jordan, as an FAO

During its ten-day stay in Jor-

dan, the team will study Jordanian

governmental methods in rural

development since Jordan has

been selected to receive FAO's

assistance. Mr. Jum'a said in a sta-

tement to the Jordan News Age-

the ministers of agriculture, edu-

cation, social development, mun-

icipal and rural affairs and the env-

ironment, as well as the director of

the Jordan Valley Authority, the

vice president of the Natural Res-

The FAO team will meet with

member, is committed.

nev. (Petra).

Furthermore, he said the participants will discuss ideas submitted by the Arab League's information section on a pan-Arab information strategy to counter Zionist infiltration in Egypt, as well as coordination among Islamic information media.

Also leaving for Tunis today was Amman Mayor Isam Ajlouni, anisation's delegation to the information conference. The conference will discuss a draft agreement between the organisation and the Arab League information council on information affairs, he

ALESCO seminar opens today

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) - Minister of Information Adnan Abu Odeh will open tomorrow a fiveday seminar on contemporary literary creativity in TV and radio. The seminar, held by the Ministry of Information and the Arab League Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (ALE-SCO), will discuss papers on the relationship between creative writing and TV and radio journalism, and how to develop communication between the writer and the TV and radio organisations.

Taking part in the seminar are ALESCO Assistant Director General Taher Kaika and ALE-SCO expert Dr. Taher Labib, head of cultural relations.

Attending the seminar also are experts from Tunisia, Kuwait, Syria, Jordan, Iraq, and the Arab states Broadcasting Union (A-

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) — A two-month long archaeological dig at the Katoura district of Petra was completed today. The digs conducted jointly by teams from the department of antiquities and the University of Jordan revealed the remains of a spacious paved yard on which stood Nabataean pillars, in addition to drains for the disposal of rain water. According to a spokesman for the department of antiquities, the ancient building dates back to between 9 B.C. and 40 A.D. and was part of a temple dedicated to the Nabataean god Thu Al Shara. He said the archaeological team has also unearthed a large quantity of beautiful pottery decorated with drawings and clay lanterns of different shapes and sizes.

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) - Director of the North Africa and Middle East Department at the French Foreign Ministry Serge Boidevaix left Amman today at the end of his two-day visit to Jordan. Mr. Boidevaix was received in audience by His Majesty King Hussein to whom he delivered a message from French President François Mitterrand on Franco-Jordanian relations and Franco-Arab

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) — An eight-day examination of 37,000 students for the General Secondary Certificate ended today. Everything went well throughout the examination and no complaints reached the Ministry of Education about the nature of examinations nor of anything else. according to the director of the Ministry of Education's examinations department. He said that the ministry has opened 20 centres in Amman and Irbid and assigned 2,000 teachers to mark the students' papers. Marking of these papers will start on Monday, he said.

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) — Director of the Amman-based Arab Company for Drug Industries and Medical Appliances (ACDIMA) Hashim Dhahir left for Oman today as the start of a

tour that will also take him to Bahram, Hei statement that he will discuss with the miss health in both countries subjects connec

their participation in ACDIMA's finance

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) — Eleven per injured yesterday in a total of eight road at according to the Public Security Direct said there were altogether 34 different inc the country in the past 24 hours.

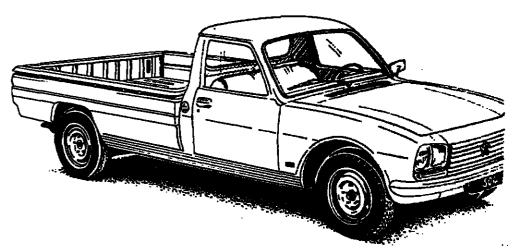
ZAROA, June 6 (Petra) - Thirty-tolovees of different government departs Zarqa today started a week-long trabili on civil defence, life-saving, first aid and hting methods. The participants from artments heard a briefing on the important course by Zarqa district governor Se Qudah who was present at the opening ce A similar course for 50 government emplo opened at neighbouring Rusella today. ticipants will receive theoretical and pracining on civil defence work.

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) -- Jordaniaz Ibrahim Hussein Ali Rajeh has been finet by the military court for charging people; in his private vehicle. The military governs endorsed the sentence.

IRBID, June 6 (Petra) - The minister icipal and rural affairs and the environme endorsed a JD 141,000 budget for the vill ncil of Fufr Assad in the Irbid governorate this budget, JD 62,000 will be used to re water pipe network in the village,

AMMAN, June 6 (Petra) - The Ministri ustry and Trade today issued licences for industries in Jordan that have a total capit 5.434 million. The new industries will emp

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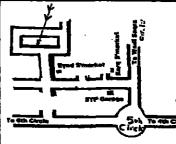
FOR MEDICAL EMERGENCY CALL: Tel. 68384 Dr. DABBAS

HOLIDAY INN - AMMAN

Cordially invite you to attend the opening of painting exhibition by the Iraqi Artist

At 5:30 p.m. Tuesday 9th June, 1981 AT THE HOLIDAY INN BALLROOM

The exhibition will be open until 19th June, 198



SAL

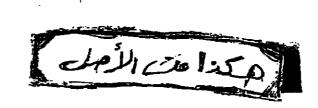
'Household goods, dinner service, plant

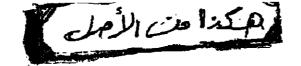
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Location: Jabal Luweibdeh near the Jordanian nomists Association, behind the Tender Committee.

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Polytechnic: Industry's 'two way communications channel'

by Mohammad Avish Special to the Jordan Times

Ima MMAN — When 21-year-old Mr. Hani cilani enrolled in the Amman Polytechnic ome three years ago, he never thought of the liploma he will get this summer as his ultmate academic goal. He in fact saw the Minstry of Education-sponsored polytechnic as step on the way to graduate studies.

Mr. Kilani and many other stuand not see the technical college inrely academic terms. But offin at the polytechnic say graich-needed "link" between skilled labour and the highly alified engineers.

The labour sector in Jordan is sically divided between spe-" blised engineers and planners, Prone side, and ordinary labourer the other," the ploytechnic's istant director, Mr. Mahmoud si, told the Jordan Times. The hnicians who graduate from man Polytechnic can serve as a I for this between the two in equipment "" - ration, and also as a "two-way " I nmunications channel" betin labourers and engineers, he

A shortage of technicians is not larantifined to Jordan, but is a prodistalment affecting the entire Arab ion, according to officials at iman Polytechnic. In Jordan, vever the shortage of teccians is so acute that none of nt can be spared to work out-: Jordan for at least the next

> The Ministry of Education ds over 1,200 instructors to k at its technical schools for next nine years, and right now as only 340," Mr. Disi-noted. But the Ministry of Education is the only place where polhnic graduates can find empnent. Awaiting them also are or public sector departments. vell as private businesses. n laying their initial plans, pol-.hnic officials believed that to ieve a balance between teccians and engineers, the ratio uld be seven to one. That ass-

arked that "it is not a matter of quantity as much as of quality." In its attempt to increase the number of graduate technicians and attam a balance, the polytechnic has enlarged its capacity, but at some expense to their education. The polytechnic opened its classrooms and workshops in 1975 with capacity of 200 students, but the number now exceeds 1,200 - in the same bui-

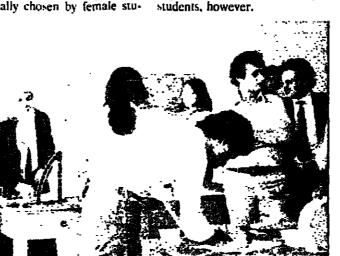
umption, however, was cha-

llenged by one official, who rem-

A polytechnic, as the name implies, embodies a variety of technical specialisations, all within the realm of engineering. Amman

and chemical engineering. Statistics available at the registration office indicate that electrical engineering is the most popular cou-Polytechnic includes departments rse, but that chemical engineering civil engineering, electrical eng- is usually chosen by female stu-

Disi said that students who prefer to stay with their families are paid JD 15 in exchange for the accommodation this frees at the school's dormitory. Transport is usually not available for off-campus



The Jaboratory at the chemical engineering department, a popular field of study for the country's

dents, "They do it because it fits

their nature," Ammun Pol-

ytechnic Deputy Director Ali

Mahasneh told the Jordan Times.

nurse, but since I could not, I dec-

ided to join the chemical eng-

incering department here, which

is the closest field to medicine."

Miss Ghada Abed Rabbo, a

second-year student at Amman

Polytechnic, said. She told the

Jordan Times that she would encourage other girls to join the sch-

ool, which went co-educational

vtechnic has left its mark not only

on the quality of the graduating

students but on the operations of the technical college itself. Mr.

Disi said that polytechnic students

share their workshops with the

younger students of a subordinate

technical school. This might not have been such a great problem, if

it were not the case that 80 per

cent of work at the school is pra-

ctical, and only 20 per cent is the-

The lack of room also causes

directly

problems of accommodation, Mr.

from Amman to:

oretical.

Overcrowding at the pol-

some three years ago.

"I had always wanted to be a

But one problem which polytechnic students face every day is that of the language used, which is usually a mixture of English and Arabic. "We prefer lectures to be in English, since all the technical terminologies are in that lan-

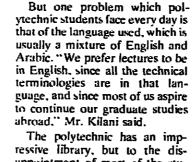
The polytechnic has an impappointment of most of the students, almost 70 per cent of the references are in English. "Our two-floor library contains around 12,000 books; most of them are in English, while the rest are in Arabic," the polytechnic's assistant director said. Another problem is that of syllabi, which are usually liable to modification. "We have one syllabus for each course, prepared by a committee of teachers," Mr. Disi said. Problems arise in this respect because sometimes the syllabi are poorly prepared, and students do not feel

The teaching staff at Amman Polytechnic includes 50 engineers and 20 science teachers; but this is insufficient, according to officials there.

Students attending the polytechnic also face the problem of where to go after they finish their three-year post tawjihi studies there. By law, most if not all of the students are committed to work for the Ministry of Education as part of a contract they have signed. In exchange, the ministry provides them with financial sup-

Some students do not have any commitment to working if they pay their own fees and costs, but the number of these students is

limited, according to Mr. Disi. When polytechnic students gra-



committed to abide by them.

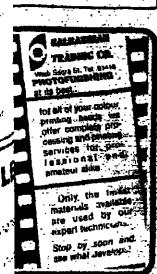
duate, they often find themselves uncomfortable with the idea of working for the Ministry of Education: which they must do for twice as long as they attended the school. Mr. Disi said that students who are not urgently needed for such work can serve in any other government department or ministry, but they should get the approyal of the Ministry of Education before they transfer their commitment.



Mechanics workshop at the Amman Polytechnic.



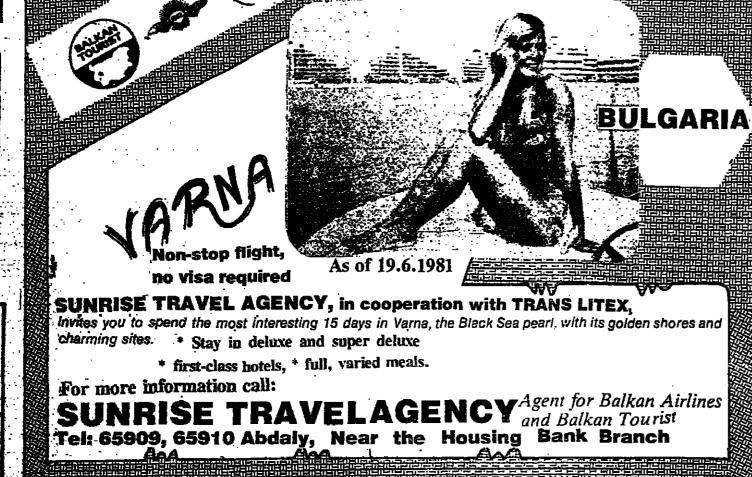




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Amman



an opportunity to get experience that will help them when they apply for work in the Gulf states.

Despite its academic and adminstrative problems, Amman polytechnic has gone a long way in meeting Jordan's need for skilled labour, according to Mr. Disi. The Ministry of Education appreciated this in deciding to open two other polytechnics in the country in the near future, he said.

The importance of the technical college has also been realised by some neighbouring Arab states. "I think the polytechnic has a good reputation in Iraq, and I encourage more Iraqi students to join this technical college," said Mr. Sa'd Odeh, an Iraqi student at Amman polytechnic. He told the Jordan Times that the diploma he will get from the polytechnic is accredited in Iraq. Students with that diploma can continue their higher studies at the Iraqi technological university.

There are at present about 40 Iraqi students at Amman Pol-



The polytechnic's assistant director, Mr. Mahmoud Disi.

SCECO-81-2

اعسسلان تتوظییت

موافقة وزارة العمل رقم م ١/٧٤ تاریخ ۲۱/۵/۳۱

SAUDI CONSOLIDATED ELECTRIC COMPANY (SCECO)

DAMMAM, SAUDI ARABIA

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Perform a variety of routine clerical, administrative and statistical duties with minimum supervision. High school plus 3 to 5 years of related experience.

VEHICLE EQUIPMENT INSPECTOR II

Inspects, tests and evaluates vehicles and equipment to determine if any repair, adjustment, or alignment is required, or if it has been done correctly, and to prepare related reports in writing. Nine years of schooling plus three years technical school. Minimum of seven years as vehicle/equipment mechanic. Valid driving license. Knowledge of how to operate all types of light through heavy vehicles.

VEHICLE EQUIPMENT MECHANIC I

Provides work direction to vehicle equipment mechanics and performs the more complicated repair work on diesel and gasoline engines and associated accessories. Nine years of schooling plus three years of technical or industrial training. Seven years of experience in automotive maintenance and repairs. Experience with all systems in vehicle/equipments and the knowledge of operating the diagnostic equipment.

TRAFFIC CONTROLLER

Insures proper documentation, handling, inspection and expediting material. Two years college with a major in Traffic or Transportation or graduate of professional Traffic School. Equivalent experience may be substituted. Minimum of five years of traffic management on directly related experience. Driving license.

تقبل الطلبات من لنانين واردنين فقط

فعلى المتقدمين الذين يرغبون في شغل هذه الوظائف ولديهم المؤهلات المطلوبه ان يتصلوا بقسم التوظيف في شركة التابلاين . بناية سينما الحمراء ، الطابق الثامن. شارع الحمراء ، بيروت التلفون ٣٤٩٣١٤ و ٣٤٩٣١٥ مصحوبين بصور عما لديهم من شهادات علميه وشهادات خبرة او ارسال طلباتهم الى صندوق البريد الرقم ١٣٤٨ ـ ١١

مكتب التاب لاين في عمان . دوار فراس مكسيم سابقا . جبل العمين . بناية علي صفر شنك واخوانه ص .ب ٣٨٢ ،

Respunsible Editor: Beard of Directors: TOMMAH K'AM'JI MOHAMMAD AMAD MOHAMMAD AMAIL RAMEG: FHOERI MARMOUD AL CAYED Innaging Editor: MAAZ D. SHUT AYR Editorial and advertising offices: ORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION University Road, P.O. Box 6716, Amman, Jordan. Telephones: 67171-2-3-4: Th. 21497 At Rai 10, Cables: JORTIMES, Anna The Intrian Times is published daily except Advertising and subscription rates are as including Times advertising department.

Credentials, please?

THE RESUMPTION of the mission of U.S. special envoy Philip Habib coincides with renewed Arab activity to find a permanent solution to the troubles in Lebanon. This has been recognized by Mr. Habib himself and the Reagan administration, and has caused Mr. Habib to travel to the Saudi Arabian capital during his shuttling in the area. The reactivation of the four-member Arab committee on Lebanon, which is meeting in Beirut this week, is a firm signal that the Arab World is still trying to forge a permanent solution to the Lebanese conflict. In spite of all this diplomatic activity, we are dubious of the Habib mission's chances of success because we still have no evidence to indicate that the American government is interested in anything more sophisticated or meaningful that maintaining a power balance in the region that is geared first and foremost to the grandiose concept of Israeli "security" that is defined by the Israeli military and its political fans in Washington. What we would like to hear from Mr. Habib and his government is: What is the American view about the extent of Israel's legitimate self-defence activities? Is the United States going to use the opportunity of its dramatic involvement in the Middle East this month to define its own perceptions of a fair and balanced accord that would initially defuse the so-called "missile crisis", and perhaps later be expanded into a broader negotiating framework for an overall Arab-Israeli peace negotiation? Or will the United States simply extend the Iudicrous principles of the Camp David accords to Lebanon, giving the Israelis control of the skies of Lebanon while allowing the Lebanese to handle their garbage collection? The credentials of the mediator have still not been accepted by all concerned.

UNFPA's approach to women in developme

Policy planners have found it essential to get women's full participation in the development process. Substantial efforts have been made to remove the obstacles that are facing women's participation today. These obstacles, if I may say, are all artificial and have no origin in our history or tradition. Women had been working in the fields, raising sheep, and engaging themselves in cottage industries such as the production of cheese and butter, where, in those days, economy was built on such traditional basic activities.

Islam does not forbid women from working, and the Islamic civilisation has wintnessed a lot of working women in different area.

Women constitute 50 per cent of the human race. To deprive the working force of half the human race leads to less development, less ability and productivity, which may influence the well-being and prosperity of the society.

Governments now place increasing emphasis on sound development processes, where allmembers of the society and all kinds of development are incornorated together to ensure the optimal effectiveness of all materials and human resources. There is a growing conciousness in the developing world about the need to enlarge the scope and strenghen the role of women, so as to accelerate their role in social and economic development. However, due to tradition, culture and the given social and economic organisation, women's participation in national development has remained limited. Development is needed in the economic, social, cultural and rural fields. Women have no way but to

contribute to each one of them. Economic development has two directions: One is the development of society as a whole in agriculture, industry and commerce, where all human resources are pooled to satisfy the needs for the whole society. The other is individual development, where each and every member of the society strives to increase his income by

way of better training and achievement and by choosing the right work which coincides with his ability to to ensure better per-

Social development encompasses all disciplined efforts leading to social change that aims to eatch up with modernisation and society development. Women play a great role in this kind of development. They play the role of housewives, mothers and of working women.

As mothers, they could teach their children new prospects for both sexes, implant in them the belief that men and women must share the responsibilities of life with no discrimination between

As housewives and mothers. they can prove that women's ability is not less than that of the men, by using sound judgement, and reasoning and demonstrating that working outside the house does not prevent them from carrying out their responsibilities at home.

Cultural development enriches the soul with real values and good tradition, relieves human beings from social and psychological stress, and builds a complete pattem for the personality in view of principles and values taken from our authentic heritage.

Women, in this respect, must adhere to good values and dismiss the bad ones which have harmful impact on their productivity and ability. The leadership must be theirs in conducting continuous activities, spreading adequate inf-ormation about themselves and their role in development.

Rural development is essential to ensure justice and equality in building the rural society, because it penetrates deep in the roots of the agricultural society, freeing it from poverty, protecting it from illness, keeping it from being under-developed and easing the problems of rural-urban migration. Rural women have always, been partners to their husband in the fields. All what they need is to get equal rights with men, the chance to develop their skills, an opportunity to be introduced to new aspects based on scientific background to ensure more participation and better income for the family.

In order to ensure more participation of women towards development, a lot of services must be obtained, such as the establishment of nurseries at places of work, health facilities, laws that protect women against discrimination ... etc. Women's image in children's textbooks must be changed to reflect the new trend that women are leading

To increase the available options opened to them, women should be provided with better job opportunities, training, improved nutrition, old age benefits and income-generating activities, in order to ensure more participation in the process of development.

One of the international agencies that are concerned with women, is the United Nations Fund for Population Activities (UNFPA). UNFPA is established to respond to the needs of developing nations in their efforts to formulate and implement population policies and programmes. Most UNFPA-supported projects benefit women. However, special attention is required in preparing such projects to ensure women's integration and participation at all levels and stages of population/ development-related activities. In order to ensure that the promotion of the status of women is fully integrated into UNFPA programmes, it is recommended that support for the following areas be provided: Data collection, research, institutional development. family planning programmes, communication and education and pilot activities. UNFPA also has created a new category of special programmes for women, through the creation of a new section for women and youth pro-

UNFPA support for women's activities is aimed at improving the status of women in order to influence demographic factors indirectly. The specific areas considered appropriate for UNFPA support include education, employment, health care and participation in community activities. Programmes in this area are generally classified as "all women", which in receipt agnition as another. economic factor with sign influence on reproduction avkvur.

By Rabiha Nass

The UNFPA engages i development activities will irect population effects, po where its intervention cas usually in demonstrates ment usually in concert whi clopment agency of

governmental organisation

is in a position to comple

expand on the project. When discussing wome development one importastain comes to mind: Shoel be specialised women's grammes or should we to integrated approach? In the inning, and to bring women the national development p there is a need for activity grammed specially for wa order to promote their ac the society's resources as ortunities and to increas participation.

In the long run, wome ivities should be integrate over-all development bect may have a more significa ring on improving their co It is impossible to formula ategy or to suggest a prothat would be suitable to countries because women ditions are different in ce ntry. However, there at areas in the Arah countrie the needs could be ide-These areas are: data col hasie health needs, ed: employment-generatin,... grammes, specific training grammes and support to v

Finally, to improve ti ditions of women, they change their concepts and thinking relating to the their family, household, and community and also bring a change towards: ditional system based on role. All this cannot be e. to change rapidly. More are needed to increase awand understanding of Web and planners.

The writer is a senior proassistant at the Amman offi-United Nations Fund fe ulution Activities.

Egyptologist's Exodus work raises storm

By Arthur Spiegelman

4 noted American Egyptologist thinks he was found a hieroglyphic reference to the Exodus -- an event that is one of Judaism's central moments but seems not to have been noticed by the Egyptians at the time.

Dr. Hans Goedicke believes the first known Egyptian allusion to the Exodus shows that the pharaoh from whom the ancient Jews fled was a woman, a distinction not made in the Old Testament.

And Dr. Goedicke, the chairman of the Department of Near Eastern Studies at Johns Hopkins University in Bultimore, also theorises that the "parting of the waves" which allowed the Hebrews to escape Egypt's pursuing soldiers, was in fact a tidal wave caused by the same volcanic eruption that destroyed Minoan civilisation in Crete in the 15th cen-

tury B. C. Dr. Goedicke's theories, based on 20 years of study, have raised a storm among hieroglyphic and Old Testament experts even though he is a respected scholar in his

Some hieroglyphic experts say

basic text and some Biblical scholars say he has dated the Exodus two centuries too early.

But Dr. Goedicke stands fast, saying:"some people look at a stand of trees and see only trees, then someone comes along and savs, look, there is a forest."

His theory is based on a reinterpretation of a well-known roval inscription from the woman pharaoh Hatshepsut found on a rock in Egypt over a shrine to the goddess Pakht in a place known by the Greek name of Speos Art-

For him the inscription, in which the woman pharaoh who ruled Egypt from 1490 to 1468 B. C. tells of expelling an immigrant people from Egypt, parallels the Exodus story.

In it, the woman pharaoh, whose statues show her dressed with the royal beard of a man, taligned to them.

The term "asiatics" could be used for the ancient Hebrews.

he has misread a key phrase in his him says: "And when I allowed the abominations of the gods to depart, the earth swallowed their footsteps. This was the directive of the primeval father (Nun, the god who created the earth out of a watery chaos), who came one day

> xpectedly)." Based on this inscription, Dr. Goedicke theorises that the date of the Exodus could be put at the time of the volcanic eruptions on

at his own time (a phrase for une-

Thera -- spring 1477 B.C. He said the huge tidal waves resulting from the eruption would have flooded the coastal areas of Egypt just as the Israelites were

fleeing from Egyptian soldiers. He said Israelites had probably begun their escape by taking the "summer" route to Palestine, a route that starts in low coastal

areas near the Mediterranean Sea. There is a desert outcrop near that route and Dr. Goedicke speked of annulling privileges of "asi- culates the Israelites were assatics" in the region of Avaris in embled there when Egyptian trolower Egypt and of how the "imm- ops on the plain below were droigrants" disregarded the tasks ass- wned in a flash flood caused by the tidal wave.

He said: "The people being pursued had to look for a def-A key part of the inscription for ensive position and made for the

outcrop. Down on the plain were whom says that the god referred to the pursuing troops and the Isr- in the inscription was not Nun, the aelites must have been awaiting almost certain destruction when the 'miracle' happened.

"

"A miracle is the incursion of something unexpected, anything beyond human planning and human anticipation. The miracle was the 'father of fathers' coming at his own time.'

To Dr. Goedicke the reaction of the Israelites must have been one of panic and they must have seen the flash flood as a sign from God that they should now head into the

He added that Semitic inscriptions indecipherable save for the word "mistress," meaning the to the god coming unexpectedly ruler of a house, have been found in the Sinai desert dating from 1490 to 1468 B.C.

Dr. Goedicke thinks this indicates the presence of the Israelites. But most Old Testament scholars say that the Israelites fled Egypt much later than the 15th century B.C. -- placing the Exodus in either the late 13th century B.C. or the early 12th.

In addition, Dr. Goedicke's translation of the key inscription is disputed by some scholars, one of

father of fathers, but Amun-Ra, the sun god.

Mr. George Michanowsky, an expert in ancient astronomical text and a science adviser to New York's explorer's club, said: "The stark fact is that the hieroglyphic signs in question do not say water.'

While Dr. Goedicke agrees that water is not mentioned in the inscription, he said it is implied by the reference to Nun, the god who created the earth out of a watery

He also said that the reference could be taken to mean tidal waves caused by the volcanic eruptions, something other scholars on the Exodus have theorised

But Mr. Michanowsky said the inscription Dr. Goedicke has reinterpreted is generally taken in the field to refer to the overthrow of the Hyksos dynasty, a Semitic ruling group which preceded Hatshepsut's dynasty some 70 years

Prague cracks dowr on 'secret church'

By Colin McIntyre

PRAGUE: Czechoslovak authorities are reported to be cracking down on this country's "secret church," which is apparently still thriving despite being driven underground by three decades of

tough, anti-religion policies. The underground church is based on services in private homes given by priests barred by the govemment from ministering. Estimates of its membership vary enormously.

There have also been reports of secret convents where women share the same apartment living like nuns, but not dressing like them.

The secret church is reported to be strongest in Slovakia, which has a predominantly Catholic population, but is spread throughout the country. In Prague, Vaclav Maly, a spokesman for the "Charter 77" human rights movement and a Catholic priest, said that at least 30 priests were currently celebrating mass privately.

The fullest report on the und-

small island has in the past out-

done the mainland. It has more

erground church, which has been functioning in some from since the Stalinist repression of the 1950s, came in the official organ of the Slovak communist party, Pravda.

In an article last December. Pravda wrote that secretly ordained priests, "in contact with clerical centres in the capitalist world and clerico-fascist migres," were trying to set up a church acting as a "collective dissident."

The secret church was trying to promote "ideological pluralism" as a first step to claiming the leading role in the state, the article

According to Pravda, members of the underground church included priests barred from ministering, "naive laymen who could not see through clerico-fascist ideology," and young people "enchanted by mystically tuned romanticism.

Recently the Vienna-based Catholic news agency, Kathpress, reported the Czechoslovak authorities had detailed special police units to interrogate young Catholics and tap their telephones.

According to Western sources here and in Vienna this crackdown has coincided with an increase in general harassment against priests operating in the officially recognised church in what appears to be an attempt to restrict their numbers and activities.

Earlier this month Catholic sources in Vienna said 11 trainec priests in the Slovak capital of Bratislava had been barred from continuing their studies after being accused of organising a two-day hunger strike at their seminary last October in protest against govemment interference.

The sources said the spring seminar was nearly cancelled after most of the estudents, threatened to withdraw from the seminary, one of only two allowed to operate in Czechoslovakia.

These restrictions on entry to the priesthood have contributed to a shortage of priests in the country. In the Czech lands, only one four purishes has a priest.

Western diplomats reported cases of priests being called in by the authorities for a medical checkup and told they were being retired. If no replacement is found within three months, the post is

There have been other of priests being stopped cars by police and asked breath tests after takin _____ munion wine.

Because Czechosloval one of the toughest dritlaws in the eastern bloc, minimum alcohol level for some priests are reported lost their driving licences, them to cover an expend by bicycle.

Vatican radio recently that some priests who b viously been exempted fraite itary service were being co

The situation in the cht-recently underlined in a ... letter by Archbishop F Omasek, the Catholic pri Czechoslovakia, who sak. were literally dying of ext in the pursuit of their dut

While relations between church and state in. choslovakia have been an worst in any communist and there have been anti-religion campaigns h latest appears to the with events in Poland, we with powerful church has lin powerful workers.

Last December the Slov Pravda described a pastor by Polish bishops claimis ponsibility for believers ghbouring countries as picable interference it +3 choslovak affairs."

There have been strong ications in Czechoslovak pt' icles on the country's you the authorities are cor about the possible influence church on young people.

Mr. Maly said that prior had large congregations. were making an impact. young during their pastors were most likely to be but

while the Vatican appears offering tacit support to the erground church, its main | k at present is to improve the ition of the officially-rect church, which is accused "dissidents" of being too

vacant bishopries -- only th recognized at present -- 25 easing restrictions on R education and creating a ependent Catholic press. (:

The Vatican wants to

Taiwan Chinese retain lively interest in mainland

By John Roderick

TAJPEI, Taiwan: Separated by time, space and ideology from their brothers and sisters on the communist-ruled mainland, Taiwan's 18 million Chinese retain a lively interest in political and

domestic events there. - The government that calls itself the Republic of China steadfastly refuses to talk with the communists, but newspapers, magazines and radio and television all subjected to careful official scrutiny -- regularly report on mainland developments. A half dozen scholarly research organisations supplement this with analyses and commentaries that are remarkably objective, given the political gulf between Taipei's nationalists and Peking com-

News agency stories from Peking are widely published, but always with quotation marks around official titles, implying that they are not legitimate. "Peiping" (northern peace) - the old nationalist spelling is used instead of 'Peking" (northern capital) and the word "red" is inserted before

Peking's tightly controlled press provides little information about Taiwan beyond articles on tourism and other innocuous subjects.

After 32 years, there are other, indirect ties between mainland China and Taiwan, a principal one being trade -- some estimates put it at \$120 million a year -- that moves through Hong Kong and Macao.

Many mainland natives -- no number has been published -have visited their old home via third countries. Most return here.

Though poverty has eased somewhat on the mainland in recent years they find friends and relatives there still living austerely, and cannot help but be struck by the dramatic contrasts between Peking and Taipei, the rival cap-

Though 8.5 million Chinese surge through its great avenues. Peking is a city of drab uniformity. A trickle of automobiles, none privately owned, set against several million bicycles emphasises its backwardness. Night time deepens the mood.

Life flickers in a dozen theatres, and a few restaurants and hotels, but it is mostly hidden along dimly

Two major shopping areas, Wang Fu-Ching street and Tienmen Avenue sell enameled pots and pans and other modest needs of daily life. More sophisticated products are too expensive, or not

Taipei, a city of 2.2 million, is a blaze of light, movement and noise. By day, its entire population seems to be on the move, on foot, by private cars and motorcycles. Only a foolhardy bicvelists would risk the rushing tra-

Taipei has hundreds of res- mainland compatriots. taurants, coffeeshops and sidewalk food stalls, and no end of shops bulging with goods from carpets to electronics, golf clubs to

higher here -- the per capita gross national product for 1980 was \$2,278 compared to around \$470 dollars on the mainland -- but life styles are markedly different.

Taiwan is a material-minded civilisation, geared to the electronic age, bend on making money and intent on the pleasures

Like the French, the Taiwanese spend freely on good food. New apartments, automobiles, clothes, modern gadgetry and travel and recreations take up much of the

Since official travel restrictions

were lifted two years ago, hun-

dreds of thousnads of ordinary

repressive era they resented, most

mainland Chinese still dress in the blue, grey or green uniforms Living standards not only are which have been standard wear since 1949. Life for 900 million of China's estimated one billion people revolves around farmcommunes -- highly controlled units whose per capita income in 1980 was slightly more than \$50. For these people, life is much work and little play. Post-Mao moderates, led by

Five years after the death of

Mao Tse-tung and the end of the

Vice Chairman Deng Xiaoping, have introduced reforms, including limited freedoms of speech, press and voting, which have whetted mainland appetites for more. Not surprisingly, the mainlanders now want the sophisticated products already enjoyed by the Taiwanese. The Chinas share two things -- intelligent people and Chinese here have gone abroad as governments obsessed with comtourists, a freedom denied their bating subversion, whether of native or foreign origin. In almost every respect, this

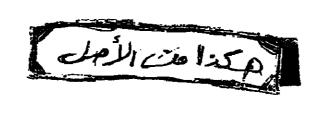
trade -- \$39.5 billion last year to Peking's 36.6 billion -- more foreign investment, and less unemployment, only 70,000 last year compared to the mainland's 10 Like most capitalist economies, however, Taiwan sufferred from inflation. Wholesale prices rose

12.6 per cent and consumer prices 18.5. Inflation hit seven per cent on the mainland last year. The civil war which brought the communists to power and sent the nationalists into exile here in 1949 left both sides exhausted. Their

economies had been crippled by the savage struggles and by the bloodletting of World War II which preceded it. Each approached the problem in a similar way, introducing land

reform and concentrating on agr-

iculture and light industry.(AP)



ومكذا من الأمل

Zionists, not Soviets, are the true usurpers'

EIRUT, June 6 (R) — United Arab Emirates JAE) President Sheikh Zaid Ibn Sultan Allahayan, in an interview published today, said the .. oviet Union did not pose a threat to Gulf states and s presence in Afghanistan was legitimate.

kly magazine Al Mostakbal in ver story that the creation of American Rapid Deployment ce (RDF) constituted an enchment on the Gulf states' sevgnty and national pride.

eplying to a question on whe-the Soviet Union represented in it reat to his country and other f states, especially now that it a presence in Afghanistan, ikh Zaid said:

... I do not believe the Soviet n poses a threat either to us other Gulf states so far." he UAE leader told his int-...... ewer: "If you are referring to iet presence in Afrhanistan, I wish to note that the Soviet ... k on entered that country in resse to an official invitation from gitimate government and it is there under this cover.

t is not a usurping force in hanistan, and if it is considered

"This Zionist usurper has been stabbing the Arab World for more than a quarter of a century, namely before Soviet presence in Afg-

it daily.

hanistan..." he said. le also told the Paris-based as such then all support sought by any government from its allies

"All this uproar in the world

about Soviet presence in Afg-

hanistan and the threat it poses to

us is meant to intimidate us and is

In answer to a question, he

added: "We do not consider the

Soviet Union to be our enemy so

far. The real enemy and the true

usurper is in Palestine and in the

totally unfounded," he said.

"Why are they weeping over what is happening in Afghanistan and creating an uproar over the ought to be viewed as usumost trifling matters there while rpation," he said. they do not behave similarly in The remarks seemed to be a relation to Palestinian refugees, deviation from the position ado-Israeli attacks on South Lebanon pted by many Islamic countries and the destruction caused to both which have condemned Soviet the Lebanese and Palestinians," military intervention in Afg-

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ALALI

On the American Rapid Dep-President Zaid went on to say loyment Force to protect U.S. intthat "the Soviet Union's presence erests in the Gulf, Sheikh Zaid whether in Afghanistan, South said: "Who has permitted the Yemen or Ethiopia is in line with legitimate relations with the regsuper powers to intervene in our imes existing in these countries.

"By establishing such a force in the region, the United States encourages the Soviet Union to intervene, and accordingly we will become a field for the super powers' conflict," he added.

heart of the Arab nation, stabbing

"It is in our interest not to encroach on their interests so as not to give them an excuse for intervention," he added.

E. Germany accuses Begin of pursuing Hitlerite policies

EAST BERLIN, June 6 (R) -East Germany has angrily retorted to Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin following his attacks on the German nation and accused him of pursuing Hitlerite policies.

'The government in Tel Aviv does not have the least right to use the Jewish victims of German fascism as an excuse for its policies," East Berlin's chief political com-mentator, Mr. Karl-Eduard Von Schnitzler, wrote in the foreign policy weekly Horizont.

He said all Israeli governments had pursued occupation policies based on the same "fascist lies" used by Hitler.

They have carried out an extermination policy against the Palestinians internally and a campaign of annihilation beyond their borders," Von Schnitzler wrote.

Although he did not refer directly to Mr. Begin's attacks on West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and the German nation as a whole, the East German commentator alluded to them several times and made clear the article was meant as a rebuff.

The Israeli leader has repeatedly accused Mr. Schmidt of forgetting the Nazi murder of six million Jews. He renewed his attacks yesterday, calling the Cha-



Mr. Menachem Begin.

ncellor a "Nazi officer." Mr. Begin has not mentioned East Germany in his statements but Thursday's article indicated that the communist state also felt offended.

Moreover it appeared to be the first time the official East German media have come to the defence of a West German chancellor.

Von Schnitzler said all Israeli prime ministers from the late David Ben Gurion to Mr. Begin had acted according to the "fascist lies of a people without living

"They have carried out and are still carrying out theft of land under the motto 'blood and soil,"

These two slogans (volk ohne raum and blus und boden in the German original) were used by Hitler to justify the annexation of large parts of Eastern Europe to the Nazi Reich.

onishing that people who had "suffered the worst cruelties of which fascism is capable on their own bodies" could carry out such policies. "But just as German fascism

Von Schnitzler said it was ast-

was the worst enemy of the German people, so is Zionism the worst enemy of the Jews," he said. Von Schnitzler said only the fact

that Hitler's Reich had been called "Greater Germany" prevented Mr. Begin talking about a "Greater Israel" and made him use terms such as Judea and Samaria instead.

But the basic policies and ideologies were the same, the East German commentator said.

East Germany has attacked Israeli policies ever since the 1967 Middle East war and has always advocated the establishment of an independent Palestinian state.

But East Berlin has also conceded Israel's right to a secure existence as an independent state and maintains friendly contacts with the Israeli communist party.

MIDDLE EAST BRIEFS

Khaled on a state visit to U.K.

BAHRAIN, June 6 (R) — King Khaled of Saudi Arabia left Riyadh today for London on the first state visit by a Saudi monarch to Britain, the official Saudi press agency reported. The king, whose three-day state visit begins on Tuesday, will later pay a similar visit to Spain. British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and King Juan Carlos of Spain visited Saudi Arabia recently.

Waldheim's emissary to return to Gulf

UNITED NATIONS, June 6 (R) - United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim has directed his special emissary, Mr. Olof Palme, to return to Iran and Iraq for a fourth round of talks aimed at ending the Gulf war, his spokesman said yesterday. Mr. Palme, leader of the opposition in the Swedish parliament, would arrive in Tehran on June 19 and go on later to Baghdad. The decision to make the trip grew out of consultations with Mr. Waldheim during Mr. Palme's recent visit to New York and was endorsed by both governments, the U.N. said. According to the spokesman. Mr. Palme would make another attempt to free about 60 foreign ships which have been trapped in the Shatt Al-Arab waterway between Iraq and Iran since the war began nine months ago. Both governments want to get them out, but there is a problem over procedures, including financing.

Turkish socialist stripped of her citizenship

ANKARA, June 6 (R) — The Turkish military government has revoked the citizenship of veteran socialist Mrs. Behice Boran after she failed to return to Turkey to serve a nine-year sentence, a military statement today said. It said the legal procedure started last February for stripping Mrs. Boran, 71, of her citizenship was now formalised. Mrs. Boran, leader of the Turkish Labour Party. left Turkey after the military takeover last September. She was sentenced in absentia to nine years in prison for spreading communist propaganda during the 1979 parliamentary election cumpaign. She was given a four-week deadline which ended last February to return and serve the sentence or lose her citizenship.

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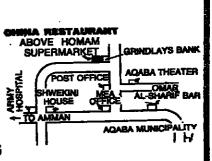
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As part of an international aid package

Bonn grants Turkey \$200m

Turkey.

BONN, June 6 (R) — The West German parliament today approved 460 million marks (\$200 million) worth of aid to Turkey as part of an international package. at the same time urging a swift return to democracy there.

The Bundestag (Lower house) unanimously passed a resolution saying that parliament expected Turkey's military rulers to take steps as soon as possible to restore democracy after last September's coup. These included moves to on the Bonn government to report allow political parties and trade unions to work freely, to guarantee a free press, and to investigate allegations of torture.

The West German aid, part of a \$940 million package pledged by Western countries in Paris last month subject to individual parliamentary approval, was passed on the final day of a four-day budget debate.

The all-party resolution called

Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher assured parliament three days ago that Ankara's democratic record would be carefully monitored with a view to continued economic and military

to parliament next year on pro-

gress towards democratic rights in

This year's package was divided into 130 million marks (\$57 million) for development plans including energy projects and 330 million marks (\$143 million) for other schemes yet to be decided, a development aid ministry spo-

kesman said. The aid dealt largely with

longer-term projects Ankara is to receive a further 244 million marks (\$106 million) in military aid within the framework of an agreement with the NATO Western alliance.

Ecuador cuts oil price by \$3

QUITO, June 6 (R) — Ecuador has cut the official price of its crude oil from \$36 a barrel to \$33. a government spokesman said yes-

The spokesman told Reuters the decision to do so was taken before the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), to which Ecuador belongs, decided on a six-month price freeze at a Geneva meeting on

Écuador is one of the smallest of the 13 OPEC members producing

only about 200,000 barrels a day (b/d), compared with Saudi Arabia's 10 million. It exports about half its production.

Ecuador is the first OPEC member to announce a price cut as a result of a glut in the world market which made it impossible for the exporters to consider raising prices at Geneva.

Earlier this week the glut forced non - OPEC Mexico to cut four dollars off the price at which it moves its substantial exports of more than one million barrels a day (h.d). London oil industry sources say pressure is now on for cuts by the

top-price OPEC exporters. Algeria, Lihva and Nigeria. Saudi Arabian Oil Minister. Ahmed Zaki Yamani says the Saudis engineered the glut m the market, keeping their output at near-record levels despite a plunge in world oil demand, in a bid to stabilise world oil prices. Chakon they are losing three dollars on every harret oils they refine.

So do oil compunies wi

Lack of buyers has for eria to cut production in und two million lvd to lion, industry sources reg U.S. Cmamphin Po Company said vesterday; not tenew a Nigerian con the end of next month ar over-valued despite a rich yield in price is cut significantly.

Zambia battling foreign exchange

By Ronald Howard

LUSAKA - After six nightmare months in which it was often critically short of foreign exchange, Zambia hopes that its economy has turned the corner and could be poised for a long-awaited liftoff. One reason for optimism is a huge injection of money from the

International Monetary Fund The three-year credit of \$944 million is the largest ever made by the fund to a sub-Saharan country and will be used to pay off some

overseas debts and help revitalise industry, particularly farming. The government has also just announced a major restructuring of the vital copper industry to achieve economies of scale and red-

uce costs. And the country's 5.8 million people have recently been heartened by news that his year's staple maize (com) crop should at least be enough for selfsufficiency, after disastrous crops in the previous two years.

In the decade after independence in 1964, the copper mines prospered due to cheap oil and demand generated by conflicts in Indochina and the Middle East, and Zambia ranked among the richest nations in independent

But the mines' profits have slumped and the past six months, after a brief bout of optimism following black rule in neighbouring Zimbabwe, have been a nightmare time for the country's leaders, bankers and businessmen.

Credit dried up as the country plunged into a foreign exchange crisis induced by low copper prices, slack demand for cobalt, rising costs of imported oil, food, arms and machinery, and a spe-

nding spree on consumer goods. . In late December the government could not scrape together enough money to pay for one of its half dozen annual tanker loads of oil, which are off-loaded at the Tanzanian port of Dar Es Salaam and sent by pipeline to the Ndola refinery in the copperbelt pro-

The Bank of Zambia got the

money together in January and another tanker was found, averting a fuel crisis. In March, a consortium of seven Western banks led by the Bank of America, anticipating the big IMF loan, signed a \$160 million revolving oil credit facility in what bankers here described as a significant vote of con-

After several months of apparent delay that led to growing Zambian concern, the IMF announced on May 11 that it was granting Zambia the extended fund facility in instalments over three vears, conditional on the government's financial discipline.

Private businessmen, who control only about 20 per cent of Zambia's predominantly stateowned industry, are cautiously optimistic but many say they want to wait and see how the government uses the IMF funds.

President Kenneth Kaunda, who since independence has been heavily involved in international affairs with emphasis on the independence struggles in neisaid last year he was going to concentrate in future on the economy.

One result has been the acknowledgement that the mining industry, which is estimated to have a viable remaining life of about 20 to 30 years and which earns 97 per cent of Zambia's foreign exchange, must gradually be replaced with agriculture as the ultimate mainstay of the economy in the next century.

Dr. Kaunda announced plans for a big reorganisation and rationalisation of the mining industry on May 15, beginning with a merger of the two, 60 per cent statecontrolled copper companies, Nchanga Consolidated Copper Mines Limited (NCCM) and Roan Consolidated Mines Limited (RCM), into Zambia Consolidated Copper Mines Limited (ZCCM).

No timescale for the merger was announced. It is expected to take some months for a high-powered government and management committee to work out the final

ghbouring black African states, details on pooling resources with minimum effect on employment. The mining industry got back to

profitability last year after three years of being unable to pay mineral revenue to the treasury. Profits are expected to drop

sharply this year, but the govemment is optimistic about the years to come In January, the government predicted only \$2.4 million in

mineral revenue in 1981, compared with almost \$50 million or five per cent of total revenue last year. That was a far cry from a boom year like 1973 when the mines were contributing 21 per cent of state revenue. The industry is critical to Zam-

bia's short and medium term economic survival and employs about 55,000 people directly and many thousands more indirectly, out of a salacied national work force of some 375,000.

Zambia is the world's fifth largest copper producer and 41 per cent of its people are urban dwellers with rising living standard

Per capita gross domestic product was estimated \$510 in 1979. according to the World Bank, and declined by 0.9 per cent annually in real terms between 1970 and

Shortages of essential commodities have increased in recent months, reflecting the unavailability of foreign exchange. Bankers here predict a critical lag of several months between the arrival of the first IMF money and the time when industrialists and retailers can start rebuilding depleted Stocks.

Finance Minister Kerby Musokotwane indicated on May 13 that this time the government was ready to bite the economic bullet and use the fresh funds to reduce overseas payments arrears, cover credit notes as they came due, and revitalise industry, particularly

A tight rein would also be kept on government borrowing and spending, he said.

(Reuter)

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Arabic-English Translator with excellent knowledge of Arabic and ability to translate into fluent idiomatic English. University education and good working knowledge of current world affairs required. Must be willing to work evenings, days, weekend on ratating basis. Only highly-qualified applicants will be interviewed. Those who have previously applied need not do so again. Candidates will not be interviewed if they have not submitted a resume first.

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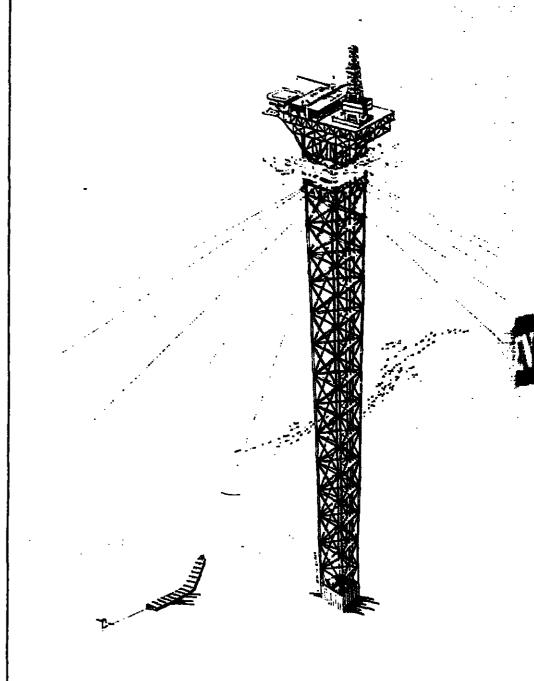
TRISANDHYA

Film in Hindi produced and directed by RAJ MARBROS on Tuesday June 9, 1981, at 6 p.m. at American Cultural Centre "Third Circle" Jabal Amman.

Tied-down oil tower

rging only \$32 themselves, the

Saudis say the "sweet" crudes are



Drawing shows a new concept in deepwater oil platforms under development by the Exxon Company in Houston (Texas). To be installed in more than 300 metres of water in the Gulf of Mexico in 1983, the facility represents the world's first commercial application of the guyed tower cos Twenty lines, arranged symmetrically arous tower, will permit slight movement while viding resistance to wind and wave forces.

ORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3

5:45	Cartoon
6:55	Children's Programm
7:00	Programme Preview
7:10	Programme on Sport
8:00	News in Arab
	Arabic serie
9:20	T.V. Magazin
10:16	Arabic serie
	News in Arab
CHANNE	L 6

6:00 . French Variety Programme

. "A Sharp intake of breath"

... News in French

News in Hebrew

News in Arabic

9:10 . Play of the Week News in English The Love Boat **RADIO JORDAN**

855 KHz, AM

8:30

& 99 MHz, FM
7:90 Sign on
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning Show
10:00 News Headlines
10:30 Pop Session
11:00 Sign of
12:00 News Headlines
12:03 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:03 Pop Session
14:00 News Bulletin
14:10 Instrumental
14:30 Country Meets Foli
15:00 Concert Hou
16:00 News Summary
16:03 Instrumentals
16:30 Old Favourites
17:00 Listeners' Choice
18:00 News Summary
18:03 Jazz How
19:00 Newsdesk
19:30 Music
20:00 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Moment Musical 04:45 Financial Review 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; British Press Review 05:15 Letterbox 05:30 The Maid of the Mill 05:45 Letter from America 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Jazz for the asking 07:00 World News; News about Britain 07:15 From Our Own Correspondent 07:30 Classical Record Review 07:45 The Captain's Doll 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 The Pleasure's Yours 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 People and Politics 09:45 Sports Review 10:15 Of Kings and Men 10:30 Religious Service 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 Letter from America 11:30 Play of the Week 12:30 Baker's Half-Dozen 13:00 World News; Commentary 13:15 Borderlands 13:30 Short Story 13:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show 14:30 The Jason Explanation 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Concert Hall 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 From our own Correspondent 16:35 Financial Review 16:45 Letter from America 17:00 World News; Meridian 17:40 Interlude 17:45 Sportscall 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Henry Moore in Spain 19:00 Country Style 19:15 A Gifted Child 20:00 World News; Commentary 20:15 Letterbox 20:30 Sunday Half-Hour 21:00 A Composer Speaks 21:15 The Pleasure's Yours 22:00 World News 22:09 Science in Action 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sporiscali 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Letter from Ame-

rica 23:30 Brain of Britain 1981 **VOICE OF AMERICA**

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30

News on the hour and 28 min. after

AWA MEETING

Monday June 8 th

4 p.m. to 6 p.m.

In the garden of the embassy residence.

each hour 17:00 News and New Products (USA) 17:15 Critics Choice 17:30 Studio One 18:00 Special English: News/Words and their stories, feature "People in America" 18:30 Music USA (Standards) 19:00 News and Topical Reports 19:15 News Horizons 19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 Special English; News/Words and their stories 20:15 The Concert Hall 21:00 News and New Products

Studio One **AMMAN AIRPORT** FOR SUNDAY

USA 21:15 Critics Choice 21:30

ARRIVALS:
7:40 Cairo (EA)
8:45 Cairo
8:55 Aqaba
9:30 Jeddah
9:40 Kuwait
9:45 Abu Dhab
9:55 Beim
11:05 Riyadh (SV
11:40 Cairo (EA
14:00 Jeddah (SV
14:00 Jeddah (SV 15:35 Kuwait (KAC
16:30 Cairc
16:35 Athen:
16:45 Rawalpindi (BA)
16:45 Tunis, Tripol
17:35 Paris
17:35 Brussels, Geneva
17:35 Cairo
17:45 Houston, New York.
17:50 Madrid, Casablanca
17:50 Madrid, Casablanca
18:00 London
18:30 Rome, Damascus (Alitalia)
18:30 Rome
19:05 Zurich, Geneva (SR)
19:50 Frankfurt (LH) 19:50 Frankfurt
20:00 Beirut (MEA)
21:30 Baghdad
23:40 Cairo (EA)
24:00 Baghdad
01:00 Cairo

DEPARTURES:

. Cairo (EA) 9:25 Beirut (MEA) 9:30 . London (BA) 9:30 Athens, Amsterdam (KLM) Beirut (MEA) 10:00 Frankfurt 10:10 10:45 . Athens, Copenhagen (SK) 11:00 Amsterdam, N. York Athens 11:30 Cairo 12:00 London 12:05 Riyadh (SV) 13:00 ... Cairo Jeddah (SV) Kuwait (KAC) 17:45 Baghdad (IA) ... Abu Dhabi ... Kuwait 19:10 Bahrain, Doha 19:20 . Dahran . Jeddah Baghdad 20:30 Baghdad (IA) Dubai, Muscat

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p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Mcetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.

MUSEUMS

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Jordan Archaeological Museum:

Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Isiamic artists from most of the Mus-Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00

lim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century ori-entalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays, Tel.

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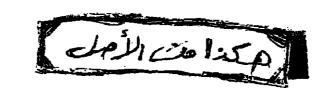
Telephone maintenance and repair service Tumips 250 Bananas (from makhmar) Apples (American, Japanese red. wasset) Apples (Double Red) Apples (Starken) Apples (Golden)

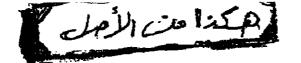
140

Oranges (Valencia)

Coconut (aplece)

Oranges (Waxed)....





SPORTS NEWS BRIEFS

Wimbledon's 'Wild Cards'

LONDON, June 6 (A.P.) - John Lloyd, Britain's top singles player before he lost form two years ago, today was given direct entry into the Wimbledon Tennis Championships despite his current low world ranking. He has been given one of six "Wild Cards," a means by which a certain number of players whose computer ranking does not qualify them for direct entry can be accepted for "sentimental reasons". Or to help home country competitors. All six of the eight wild cards named so far have been British. They include 37-year-old Mark Cox, now in semiretirement as a circuit player. The others are John Feaver, Andrew Jarrett, Richard Lewis and Robin Drysdale, all Davis Cup players or on the fringe of the team. The only two British men to earn direct entry are Buster Mottram and Jonathan Smith, who wins his place because 12 of the top men in the world have not entered, Smith is ranked 122. The 12 defectors are all recognised hard-court specialists who do not fancy their chances on grass. The most notable are the Americans Eddiz Dibbs and Harold Solomon. In the women's singles, three British players go straight in, Virginia Wade, Sue Barker and Ann Hobbs. Only two wild cards have been named so far, both British -- Glynis Coles and Debbie Jevans.

English cricket news

LONDON, June 6 (R) - West Indians Michael Holding and Clive Lloyd produced tine performances to lift Lancashire to third place in the English County Cricket Championship today. Lloyd, the West Indies and Lancashire captain, hammered an unbeaten 49 to enable the county to declare their second innings at 199 for five and set Surrey a victory target of 278. Fast bowler Holding then snapped up five for 60, but opener Graeme Clinton's 79 not out helped Surrey to force a draw at 156 for eight. Lancashire's haul of eight bonus points brought their total to 34 and put them 20 behind leaders Nottinghamshire and three adrift of secondplaced champions Middlesex. Nottinghamshire strengthened their position at the top with a nine-wicket win over Gloucesteshire, for whom Pakistani Zaheer Abbas was top scorer with 72 in their second innings of 152. Yorkshire were saved from an innings defeat against Essex by Martyn Moxon, who hit 116 on debut and helped his side score 357 for four after following on 225 behind. The match was drawn.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

1981 by Chicago Tribune

lorth-South vulnerable. outh deals.

NORTH **♦ J762** ♥ K Q 105 0.83 **+** AQ5-

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VAJ7 OA92. ♦KZ The bidding: iouth West North East Pass 3 + Pass NT Pass 5 > Pass NT Page 6 0 Pass

>)pening lead: Queen of 🗘 . Declarer fell victim to an ptical illusion, and went

Pass Pass Pass

own in a siam that could ave been made with more houghtful play. The moment North made a imp raise, South was slam-

ound. When he learned, via lackwood, that a king was nissing, be contented imself with six spades. West led the top of his dia-

iond sequence, and declarer as reasonably satisfied ith his dummy. He won the e of diamonds and eashed re ace king of spades, and

was mildly disappointed to learn that he had a trump loser. Since declarer had to divest himself of his two remaining diamonds, he started by playing three rounds of clubs. Unfortunately. West ruffed the third club and cashed a high diamond for down one. It is true that declarer was

unlucky to run into a 6-2 club division, but he had not managed the hand to best advantage. Since South needed two discards, he would have to find the defender who held the queen of trumps with three hearts as well. If not, that defender would ruff the third heart and cash a diamond trick. Therefore. declarer should have tackled his-long side suit - hearts before playing the shorter

If both defenders follow to three rounds of hearts, declarer temporarily abandons hearts in favor of cashing three rounds of clubs, to take his first diamond discard. Then he can take his second discard on the thirteenth heart while West ruffs. However, when East shows out on the third heart, West is marked with four hearts, so declarer can safely discard one of his diamonds on the fourth heart before turning his attention to clubs.

West can make no more than his queen of trumps, and the slam rolls home.

the Asian Games

TOKYO, June 6 (A.P.) - Japan won seven more events on the second day of the fourth Asian Track and Field Championships today, giving the Japanese a total of 15 gold medals after 25 competitive events. The Chinese won three events and the Indians two in the second day competition participated by top Asian athletes from 20 countries.

Four Asian records were bettered at the National Stadium, site of the 1964 Tokyo Summer Olympic Games. The first Asian record to fall was in the men's triple jump by China's Zou Zhenxian with a 17.05-metres leap. He bet-tered his own record of 17.02 set in the third Asian Track and Field meet in Tokyo in 1979.

Shen Li Juan of China improved her Asian record in the women's shot put with a 17.75-metres throw, bettering her own mark of 17.74 metres established in Peking in 1980. Zhu Jian Huao, also of China, jumped 2.30 metres in the finals today to better the 2.29 mark set by his countryman Ni Zhiqin Changsa in 1970.

Sabir Ali of India captured the decathlon event by collecting a total of 7.253 points for 10 events-100, 400, 1,500, 110metres hurdles, discus, long jump. shot put, javelin, high jump and events was Japan's Nobuya Saito with 7,078 points, followed by China's Zu Qilin with 7,074 poi-

Emi Akimoto started off Japan's gold medal collection by winning the women's 100 metre hurdles in 13.78 seconds. Dai Jian Hua of China was right behind the Japanese in 13.98 with another Japanese hurdler Noriko Ehara coming in third in 14.09.

Japanese sprinter Emiko Konishi gave her country the second gold medal of the day with a 24.46 win in the women's 200-metre dash. Her teammate Tomi Osako was second in 24.52. Philippines' Lydia de Vegas was third in 24.54. Then, China picked two gold medals on victories by Li Wei Nan and Zou Zhenxian. Li won the men's discus event with a throw of 17.05 metres leap.

was the men's 10,000 metre race a record. Japan's Takashi Nagao. which was actually won by Tos- Masanari Shintaku and Yukiko hihiko Seko, the 1981 Boston Osako also set meeting records.

marathon race winner. But, since he entered the race as a special entry, Kunimitsu Ito was declared the winner in 28 minutes, 53.29 seconds. Second was another Japanese long distance runner Tatsuya Moriguchi in 29:24,77, Third was Kazuyoshi Kudo, also of Japan, in 29:33.25.

China's Shen Lnuan outhrew four competitors in the women's shot put contest, winning the event with a 17.75-metre heave. Japan Kayoko Hayashi was second with a 15.66 mark, third was another Japanese, Yukari Seo, with a 15.18 throw. Zu Jian Hua of China took the high jump gold with a 2.30 metre leap. Takao Sakamoto of Japan was second with a 2.24 mark, followed by Shuji Ujino, also of Japan, with a 2.21 leap.

Japan finished one-two in the men's 400-metre run with Takayuki Isobe finishing first in 46.72 and Eiji Natori second in 46,92 Third place went to Iraq's Abdul Rahman in 47.72. India's Geeta Zutshi won the women's 800metre run in 2:08.13, followed by Japan's Kumiko Mega in 2:09.86 and South Korea's Kim Soon Hwa in 2:10.41.

The men's 110 metre hurdle was won by Japan's Yoshifumi Fujimori in 14.22. Kuog Kashiwazaki of Japan was second in pole vault. Second in the gruelling 14.33, followed by India's Staybir Singh in 15.00. Japan won the men's 400-metre relay in 39.86 seconds with Thailand finishing second in 40.36 and South Korea in 40.56. The Japanese also took the women's 400-metre relay in 45.07 seconds. Second was Thailand in 46,43 and third was South Korea in 47.85.

The championships started yesterday and Japan dominated the opening day of the three-day fourth Asian Track and Field Meeting by winning eight out of 12 gold medals. Akemi Masuda, 17, of Japan set an Asian record in the women's 3,000 metres with a time of nine minutes 18.17 seconds, Six other meeting records were also broken, including the men's 200 metres won by Toshio Toyota of Japan in 20,99 seconds, Mohammad Zakawi of Kuwait won the 53.30 metres and Zou finished men's shot in a record 17.87 metfirst in the men's triple jump with a res and Chand Ram of India took the 20 kilometre walk in one hour The highlight of the day's event 34 minutes and eight seconds, also

Japan dominates Lester Piggott wins the Epsom Oaks

LONDON, June 6 (R) - Ace jockey Lester Piggott rode Irishtrained Blue Wind to an easy victory in the Epsom Oaks today--his fifth win in this Fillies' Classic and the 25th English Classic Victory of his career. Piggott is now only two winners off the all-time English Classic record of 27 set around the turn of the 18th century by Frank

Buckle, American Paul Mellon's Leap Lively, joint favourite at 3 to I with the winner, made most of the running and looked likely to

win when she turned into the straight, 31/2 furlongs from the end of the one and a half miles race, with a lead of about six lengths. But John Matthias suddenly found the filly faltering as Blue Wind and Madam Gay, ridden by John Reid, closed up in pursuit. They quickly passed Leap Lively, and Blue Wind mastered Madam Gay to win a purse of £74,568 for American owner Mrs. Bertram Firestone. Blue Wind, a filly by Lord in the final furlong to beat Madam month by Arctique Royal,

Gay, a 10 to 1 chance, by seven lengths. In a field of 12 runners who finished well strung out on the testing ground, Leap Lively was 10 lengths further behind in third place. Madam Gay, who has never won a race, was attempting to become the first maiden to win the Oaks since Asmena in 1950. For Blue Wind's owner Mrs. Firestone and trainer Dermot Weld, today's victory was ample consolution for the filly's narrow def-Gayle out of Azurine, drew clear eat in the Irish 1,000 Guineas last

Taiwan 1

SUVA. Fiji. June 6 (A.P.) – Fiji knocked Taiwan out of the World Soccer Cup climination series today 2-1 in a match plaved in the sugar town of Ba. Taiwan displayed superior ball control and discipline but was kept busy holding off the wilder but much more forceful Fij-

Peanuts









Andy Capp









Mutt 'n' Jeff







By Vinson THE BETTER HALF,



"It seems coincidental that tax services are listed next to toverns in the Yellow Pages."

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JUNE 7, 1981

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day and evening when spiritual and philosophical schools of thought are important to you. You need to be careful not to annoy anyone today. Plan the future wisely.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Take care you are not overly aggressive with others today. Sidestep one who is trying to take advantage of you. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Be more cooperative with

family members today and get excellent results. Health treatments can add to your vitality. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Attend the services of your choice and express happiness. Use diplomacy when

dealing with friends and family members. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Be sure to control your temper at all times today. Make plans to have increased income in the days ahead.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Take time for philosophical thoughts today. Be calm and steer clear of trouble. Use extreme care in motion. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Make out a sound budget

and exclude extravagances. Take no chances with your good reputation today. Be logical. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Try to be more independent

by not asking for favors so much. A group affair could be most interesting later in the day. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Schedule your activities

well so you that you can accomplish more. It's important that you keep promises made to others. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Avoid the social today or you could become involved in an unfortunate

situation. Relax at home tonight. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Take time to visit old friends and relatives and enjoy the meetings. Show how

much you appreciate them. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Not a good day for taking a trip since the planets are not favorable now. Civic

work could bring added prestige. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Make certain to keep the promises you've made. Teasing your loved one could br-

ing trouble so refrain from such. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be eager to get along well with others in order to get needed attention. There is much success in this chart since the mind is extra sharp. A good religious training is wise. There is some musical talent here.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossveore by W.A. Menderson

ACROSS 25 Ruminant's 44 Applies pigments 45 Old plane 24 Vex 25 Slyly spiteful Confuse chews 6 Daisy Mae's 26 Actor Balsam 46 Kind of owl creator 10 Eastern 47 Pertaining 26 Molten

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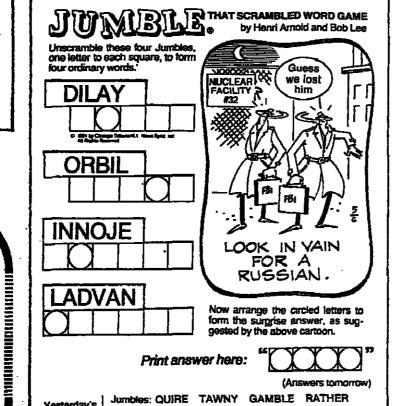
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Answer: A hidden desire she found in the surgeon—AN "URGE"

WORLD

Red Brigades interrogate and 'kneecap' councilman

NAPLES, June 6 (Agencies) — Three daring terrorists forced their way into the car of a Communist city councilman today questioned him for nearly an hour, and then shot him in the legs before fleeing, police reported.

Police said they suspected the youthful gunmen were members of the Red Brigades, who claimed the "kneecapping" of another Naples city councilman on May 15, and are holding a regional councilman kidnapped near Naples on April 27.

The terrorist group is also holding two business executives abducted in northern Italy.

The wounded man Mr. Uberto Siola, underwent surgery at a local hospital after the attack. Doctors said his condition wasn't serious. Mr. Siola, 43, is also a professor and dean of the architecture school at the University of Naples.

According to police reports, the urban guerrillas drove a Fiat 600 in front of Mr. Siola's Alfa Romeo to block it just after the councilman had left his summer home ometres north of Naples.

Mr. Siola was accompanied by his driver, an aide, and the aides husband. The three gunmen, who weren't wearing masks, levelled pistols and entered the car.

One terrorist took the wheel and forced the driver to get in the back. A second urban guerrilla sat in the front with Mr. Siola, and the third sat in the back seat with the other three people.

The gunmen drove the car for about 10 kilometres, and then parked on the side of the road. One of them lifted the hood and pretended to repair the engine. while another questioned Mr. Siola and recorded the "int-

errogation" on a tape recorder. After 55 minutes of questioning, the terrorists forced the four victims to step out of the car. They hung a placard covered with

ETA breaks 21-day lull in violence in N. Spain

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, June 6 (R) - Basque guerrillas said today they killed a policeman whose death ended a three-week full in rebel violence in northern Spain.

The hardline military wing of ETA (Basque Homeland and Liberty), which claimed responsibility for the deaths of two civil guards on May 14, said it killed a 33-year-old police corporal last night. Police said the corporal died and four colleagues were injured when a remote-control bomb containing screws and nails exploded beside their van, the last in a convoy of six vehicles returning to police

 headquarters for the night. The corporal was the 20th victim of political violence in the Basque country this year.

Basque sources attributed the lull in killings to a police swoop on suspected guerrillas shortly after officials said they had foiled a mass escape by separatists from Madrid's main jail.

- Police detained 30 suspected guerrillas in the second week of May and this may have weakened the efficiency of some ETA commandos, the sources added.

They said another factor may have been an internal debate known to have affected hardliners, some of whom wanted a softer approach. The Basque sources said the guerrillas also had been awaiting for effect of the French presidential elections on Basque refugees and on extradition proceedings against some of them.

A French court decided on Wednesday to recommend the extradition to Spain of a young Basque charged with some killings, including six paramilitary Civil Guards.

The French government will make the final decision on the court's ruling against Tomas Linaza Echevarria, 24.

Police in Bilbao said petrol bombs were thrown during the night at property belonging to the French car firm Renaul damage. They said the incident probably was related to the extradition proceedings.

Carlos Garaicoechea, head of the Basque autonomous government, is unhappy about the slowing down of the autonomy process since the abortive military coup on Feb. 23.

"There has been a hardening and a greater rigidity than before in relation to autonomy since Feb. 23 and the establishment of the government of Mr. Calvo Sotelo," Mr. Garaicoechea said in an interview published today.

The style of the new government is less flexible and less con-

Police clash with students in Frankfurt

FRANYFURT, June 6 (A.P.) -Twenty-five police were injured, nine of them seriously, during street battles near the Frankfurt University, police reported today.

far-left slogans around Mr. Siola's neck, and took a photograph of

him. Then one of them pumped

statements criticising local pol-

iticians for failing to provide hou-

sing for victims of the Nov. 23 ear-

It was the third major guerrilla

operation in Naples in six weeks,

following the kidnapping of pol-

otician Ciro Cirillo on April 27

and the wounding of another cou-

The Brigades, who said last

week that Mr. Cirillo's "people's

trial" was drawing to a close, have

shifted their attention to Naples

since last November's earthquake.

been involved in reconstruction

work, which the brigades say is

aimed at "deporting" working-class families from the damaged

centre to industrial "con-

centration camps" in the suburbs.

Protests continue

TOYYO, June 6 (R) — Tho-

usands of Japanese left-wingers

today attended a rally pro-

testing against the return of the

U.S. aircraft carrier Midway to

its home port at Yokosuka after

more than three months in the

Police said nine people were arrested during marches thr-

ough Tokyo after the rally

which was organised by the

Japan Socialist Party (JSP) and

the 4.5 million member General

Council of Trade Unions

The organisers estimated

that 90,000 people turned out.

Police said 24,000 were at the

JSP Chairman Ichio Asukata

told the rally that the Midway

carried 100,000 kilotonnes of

nuclear warheads, 1,000 times

more than the bomb that wiped

He said that the whole Tokyo

oshima and Nagasaki should

the Midway be attacked and

blown up by "the other cou-

The rally adopted a res-

olution that said the Japanese

must never defy the con-

stitution and allow nuclear

weapons into the country.

out Hiroshima in 1945.

Indian Ocean.

(SOHYO).

ntry."

against Midway

Their targets so far have all

neillor on May 15.

five bullets into his legs.

The bloody clashes began after The Red Brigades apparently an annual campus celebration chose Mr. Siola as a victim becfrom which some 120 young perause he was a city councilman ressons broke away and started smaponsible for public building, pilice shing windows in the vicinity, polsaid. The Naples wing of the terrorist group has recently issued Police temporarily arrested four

persons. The report did not give the number of injured demonstrators or an estimate about the image caused during the battles, which began late yesterday and lasted into the small hours of Sat-

Police said many of their vehicles were damaged. They were uncertain about the causes for the window-smashing rampage.

Ugandan aide's house attacked

KAMPALA, June 6 (R) - The five-year-old daughter of the Ugandan minister of tourism and wildlife, Mr. Ntege Lubwama, was killed in a four-hour attack on the

family house last night by unidentified men, police said today. They said the child died when part of the roof collapsed after

The minister's wife was shot and wounded but the minister was unharmed, police said.

explosions at the start of the att-

According to neighbours 11 other children sleeping in the house escaped injury. They said the attack began at

about 10.30 p.m. (1930 GMT) after several Landrovers arrived at the house six kilometres north of Kampala. Sporadic shooting and explosions continued during the night.

The eight-roomed house was gutted by fire and a car outside

Dacca sets up 3-man panel to investigate Zia murder

DACCA, June 6 (R) - The Bangladesh government today announced a three-man judicial commission to investigate the assassination of President Ziaur Rahman last Saturday.

A military tribunal was set up earlier to identify those involved in the killing of President Zia and several bodyguards during a raid on a government guest house in the southern port city of Chittagong. But opposition members of parliament also called this week for a civilian judicial investigation of the assassination and for an enquiry into the killing of Maj. Gen. Abul Manzur, named as leader of the abortive armed rebellion in which the president died.

The commission announced today is headed by Justice Ruhul Islam, of the appellate division of the Supreme Court. The two other members are also judges.

The government announced last Tuesday that Maj. Gen. Manzur and two associates were killed in an exchange of fire when a group of armed men tried to snatch them from security guards escorting them, apparently in an act of revenge for the slaving of the president.

The English-language Bangladesh Times today reported that according to informed sources Maj. Gen. Manzur told police who arrested him that he was prepared to surrender to police and not the

Maj. Gen. Manzur and a number of other officers fled Chittagong early on Monday morning, ending a two-day abortive armed rebellion after the assassination of the president. The government announced that 20 people had been captured.

Probe into Mujibur's assassination also demanded The leader of the opposition Awami League Party, Sheikh Hasina Wazed, today called for a comprehensive inquiry into the assassination of her father, President Mujibur Rahman, in 1975 as well as that of President Zia.

Mrs. Hasina complained that those responsible for her father's death in a military coup had not been punished. They were praised

and rewarded, she charged. "The result of these people not having been punished in 1975 is what you see -- that the same thing has been done by another section

of the army." she said.

If the killers had been punished in 1975, history could have been different, she said. Mrs. Hasina said her party was demanding changes in the constitution because under the present system the presidency was all-

powerful and parliament was not sovereign. She said that if the demands were not accepted the Awami League would meet to decide whether it should contest the presidential election, which must take place within six months.

U.K. civil servants out to win demands

LONDON, June 6 (A.P.) - Civil emment after the breakdown of servants said yesterday they will shut down computers controlling payment of dole money and welfare checks indefinitely next Monday in an escalation of their 13-week pay dispute with the gov-

World's first test-tube twins

born to 31-year-old Australian MELBOURNE, June 6, (R) -

The world's first twins born by test-tube made their appearance in Melbourne's Queen Victoria Hospital early today. A brief statement iss ed by

hospital authorities said loctors yesterday began inducing ne birth of the twins, a boy and a girl. The mother was in the 37th week of отедпапсу.

The consupting obstretrician at the hospital, Dr. Peter Renou, was in charge of the delivery, the statement said. The name of mother was not

given immediately, but doctors said she was a 31-year-old woman who had been trying to have a

baby for eight years. The world's first test-tube baby

was Louise Brown, born in England in July 1978.

Melbourne's first test-tube baby was another Brown, Candice, born in June last year. Louise Brown's birth crowned

12 years of research into the problems of fertilising an egg outside the body and returning it to the womb for a normal pregnancy. This involved removing an egg from the wife's ovary, keeping it

alive for the 12 hours it would have taken to travel to the outer end of the fallopian tube, mixing it with the husband's sperm and implanting the fertilised embryo in the wife's womb.

Before Louise Brown's birth, several fertilised egg.5 were implanted, only to perish in the womb.

The government said it has drawn up emergency procedures to pay the money to recipients. But the closedown of the computers is expected to build up administrative chaos in civil services. Thousands of Britain's 530,000

civil servants angrily walked off

the job vesterday after talks to

resolve the dispute broke down between Civil Service Minister Lord Soames and Mr. Bill Kendall, secretary general of the Council of Civil Service Unions. In the city of Manchester, where

union leaders said 20,000 civil servants stopped work, they are considering a call for an all-out The council said the shutdown

of the computers Monday would not stop payments but would create administrative chaos in the departments of employment, hea-Ith and social security.

The three computers send child welfare cheques and dole cheques to Britain's 2.55 million unemployed representing 10.6 per cent of the workforce.

panic at the airport, especially among passengers, the police of icial said. "They're not accustomed to hearing gunshots and we it is ing shooting at such close range," he said.

\$1 million damages in body freezing su

illegal possession of arms against the youth. The incident cause

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Polish-born Nobel lauerate returns home

1980 literature Nobel Prize winner, was mobbed by several hon-

for the first time in 30 years. Mr. Milosz, a long-term resident a

California, had not been in Poland since January, 1951, when he

left, disaffected with the then Stalinist communist system.

through underground publishers until he won the Nobel Principal

October. Then, overnight, he became a celebrated national figure

and Poland's best known poet. At Warsaw airport last night is

was carried shoulder high to a waiting car after arriving on a 開鍵

from London. He will be in Poland for two weeks during which be

Paris orders release of 44 prisoners

PARIS. June 6 (R) - The French justice ministry has ordered the

state security court to release 44 prisoners, most of whom as

being held for violent acts against the state. A justice ministr

spokesman said 31 people would be released immediately and 1

in the next few days. He did not say how many of the 44 had bee

convicted and how many were being detained pending trial. Als

ogether, 141 people are being detianed pending trial or servin

sentences on the orders of the court. The court was set up in 196

and given special powers by the late President Charles de Gauli

to try mutinous army officers during the pre-independence tro

ubles in Algeria. President François Mitterrand said On Wed

nesday that after this month's election he would put legislatio

before the New National Assembly abolishing the court which is

special powers of detention and hears appeals against its ow

decisions. In recent years it has dealt with violent extremist group

seeking autonomy or independence for France's overseas tei

ritories, Corsican and French Basque separatists and members a violent left-wing group called "Direct Action."

Panic and chase at New Delhi airport

NEW DELHI, June 6 (A.P.) - A young Indian arriving host

from New York fixed on a customs officer with a handgun earl

this morning and then escaped by running down the runway an

vaulting a fence, police said. No injuries were reported. Th

incident occurred after officers found two revolvers and anur

unition in a typewriter case as the youth, identified as Sun

Sandeep, was going through customs, a police official at th

airport told a reporter. The youth, who reportedly studied eng

incering in New York, grabbed one of the revolvers, snatched hi

passport from a neighbouring counter and fled onto the tarmac

officials said. When a customs officer pursued him, the youth fire

twice without hitting him, police said. Sandeep then rushed onto

the runway and jumped over a fence to escape into the pre-daws

darkness, they said. An unarmed policeman and an airport emp

lovee who pursued Sandeep, a native of the southern city o Hyderabad, gave up when he threatend to shoot them on the

runway, the police official said, "We are continuing the search,"

he added. Authorities confiscated a second revolver, some amm

unition and the luggage brought by Sandeep on an Air-India je i from New York. Police registered a case of attempted murder an i

will receive a honorary degree from the Lublin Catholic Uni-

works were banned in Poland and only known to a small aidig

dred admirers here lastnight when he returned to his homeles

WARSAW, June 6 (R) — Czesław Milosz, Polish-born poet and 111

LOS ANGELES, June 6 (A.P.) - Four plaintiffs who hope their deceased relatives could be brought back to life in the futuwere awarded nearly one million dollars in damages from me who were supposed to freeze the bodies. A Los Angeles superic court jury assessed the damages yesterday against Robert Nelson the former president of the defunct Cryonics Society of Ca ifornia, and Joseph. Klockgether, a Buena Park mortician, 'I'l families, charging breach of contract, fraud and negligent mi representation, sued after the defendants allegedly failed to fre eze the relatives in a state of suspended animation and bring the back to life at a later date. They originally sought \$10 millic Cryonics, a liquid nitrogen freezing process, allegedly preserve the dead until they can be revived, rejuvenated and cured. The bodies of nine people were to be kept trozen with liquid nitrose in an underground mausoleum in Oakwood Memorial Park cen etery in the Los Angeles County community of Chatsworth. Que stions emerged about the quality of care the frozen bodies we receiving. According to Thomas Northern, co-attorney for tl plaintiffs, some of the bodies were thawing by 1975. In Mart 1980, attorneys for the plaintiffs finally obtained a court order: open the Oakwood Park Mausoleum. What they found, accorde to Michael Worthington, an attorney for the plaintiffs, were for disintegrated bodies in wooden boxes and a scaled capsule by ieved to contain at least three more bodies. The bodies of tw children had been removed in 1979 and buriegelsewhere at the insistence of their parents.

East Berlin undergoes a real facelift

By Mark Wood

EAST BERLIN: East Berlin, long one of the dowdiest capitals in Eastern Europe, is regaining some of the elegance and charm of the days when the city was the seat of Prussian kings.

In the old centre restorers are busily reconstructing architectural showpieces from the 18th and 19th centuries which once lent Berlin its flavour but had been left as bombed-out ruins since World War IL

The government has also announced plans to build replicas of some long-vanished buildings and bring back lawns and fountains to the "Lustgarten", the former royal gardens paved over by Hitler as a parade ground for his troops, and still a bleak and empty square in the heart of the city.

The transformation has gathered pace only in the past two to three years, long after other Soviet bloc states had already completed the restoration of their war-scarred capitals.

East Berlin officials cite lack of funds as one reason for the delay, but concede that political factors played an even greater role. For the resurrection of the Old Berlin symbolises a turnaround on the whole question of German history by the communist leadership.

Communist officials now speak with embarrassment and city architects with open contempt of the attitude taken by the Stalinist leadership in

power after the war. Vowing to break all links with Germany's past, the authorities organised a wave of destruction which in many cases finished off what wartime

bombs and shells had failed to achieve. The huge 18th century royal palace, centrepiece of the city and in relatively sound shape after the war despite being gutted by fire, was blown up in 1950. Other damaged but salvageable landmarks such as the attractive 19th century Building Aca-

demy later faced the same fate. Although much of the central boulevard Unter den Linden was carefully rebuilt, including the State Opera and the Brandenburg Gate, buildings, just off the central stretch were left to rot.

Finance was always a major problem. Investments initially had to be channelled into house construction to cope with a chronic shortage.

A further drain on government funds and resources was the Berlin Wall, put up at vast expense in 1961 and still costing hundreds of millions of dollars a year in maintenance and running costs, according to party officials.

When money was made available to refurbish the centre, it went largely into the construction of concrete-and-glass skyscrapers and a vast television tower on the eastern edge of the Old City, symbols of the new forward-looking communist

Only in 1976 did the authorities focus their attention on the decaying relics in the historical centre. They decided on a wholesale reconstruction of the 18th century "Gendarmenmarkt" a square flanked by a theatre and two cathedrals which was once hailed as one of the most beautiful ensembles in Europe.

The Protestant Church was urged to restore the bomb-battered Central Berlin Cathedral, a towering domed edifice which stood out as an eyesore next to the bronze-windowed "Palace of the Republic" parliament building put up on the site of the royal palace in 1976.

The government's own work continued at a markedly more sluggish pace until historians started rewriting the text books two years ago and searching for roots in the Germany of the reformation period, and, above all, among the statesmen of 19th century Prussia.

Last summer Communist Party chief Erich Honecker spelled out what the new ideological course would mean for Berlin, declaring that much of the area around Unter den Linden would be met-



Youths loll in front of the Brandeburg Gate (Gamma photo)

iculously restored to its former royal appearance. In January a giant statue of Prussian King Frederick the Great, torn down 30 years ago and dumped in Potsdam, was duly returned to its rightful place at the head of the boulevard.

Within weeks the central "Old Museum," a doric-columned masterpiece by 19th century Berlin architect Karl Friedrich Schinkel, had been repainted and fitted out with the original royal inscription in huge gold lettering.

The authorities then unveiled their plans to put up replicas of long-forgotten residential houses on the bomb sites around the town hall and rebuild two of the city's oldest churches.

The restoration drive has not been limited to Berlin. Builders are at work in almost all major cities repairing neglected monuments of the past. It has also not been uniformly welcomed by the population. At a recent exhibition of the government's plans for Berlin, entries in the visitors, book included demands that the money be spent on the decaying tenement houses in East Berlin's drab working class districts.

Most of the work in Berlin should be completed in time for the city's '700th anniversary in 1987. By that time the Protestant Cathedral will also be offering a tourist attraction in keeping with the new spirit of the times -- visits to the crypt containing the sarcophagi of nearly 100 Prussian monarchs and princess, closed to the public for 40years.

The changes will doubtless boost the number of visitors to East Berlin and may well change attitudes towards it.

For years most Westerners have regarded West Berlin as the "real Berlin" with the east no more than an adjunct, usually seen on a day trip taken as much for the thrill of crossing through the Berlin Wall as to see the sights.

But almost the entire historical city lies in the east. West Berlin has few old buildings and in the past few years it has also lost some of its glamour. The once-elegant Kurfuerstendamm shopping boulevard has, for example, been party taken over by

"If things continue, it won't be long before we're providing the hotel beds and peep-shows for the people visiting the east," one elderly West Berliner

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